procedures established in these regulations and pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 5514, the Board must:

(1) Certify, in writing, to the paying agency that the employee owes the debt, the amount and basis of the debt, the date on which payment(s) is due, the date the Government's right to collect the debt first accrued, and that the Board's regulations implementing 5 U.S.C. 5514 have been approved by the Office of Personnel Management;

(2) Advise the paying agency of the amount or percentage of disposable pay to be collected in each installment and the number and commencing date of the installments (if a date other than the next officially established pay period is

required);

(3) Advise the paying agency of the action(s) taken under 5 U.S.C. 5514(b) and give the date(s) action(s) were taken (unless the employee has consented to the salary offset in writing or signed a statement acknowledging receipt of the required procedures and the written consent or statement is forwarded to the paying agency);

(4) Submit a debt claim certification containing the information specified in paragraphs (b)(1), (2), and (3) of this section and an installment agreement (or other instruction on the payment schedule), if applicable, to the paying

agency; and

- (5) Submit the debt claim to the paying agency for collection if the employee is in the process of separating, and has not received a final salary check, or other final payment(s) from the paying agency. The Board must submit a properly certified claim to the agency responsible for making such payments before the collection can be
- (c) Separated employee. If the employee is already separated and all payments due from his or her former paying agency have been paid, the Board may request, unless otherwise prohibited, that money due and payable to the employee from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund (5 CFR 831.1801 et seq. or 5 CFR 845.401 et seq.), or other similar funds, be administratively offset to collect the debt (31 U.S.C. 3716 and the FCCS).
- (d) Employee transfer. When an employee transfers from one paying agency to another paying agency, the Board is not required to repeat the due process procedures described in 5 U.S.C. 5514 and this subpart to resume the collection. The Board will submit a properly certified claim to the new paying agency and will subsequently review the debt to verify that the collection is continued by the new paying agency.

§ 1710.115 Notice of salary offset from another agency.

- (a) Complete claim. When the Board receives a certified claim from a creditor agency, deductions should be scheduled to begin at the next officially established pay interval. The Board's finance office will provide the employee with a notice that contains:
- (1) A statement that the Board has received a certified debt claim from the creditor agency;
 - (2) The amount of the debt claim;
- (3) The date salary offset deductions will begin:
- (4) The amount of such deductions; and

(5) A copy of the notice received from

the creditor agency.

(b) Notice of Claim. The Board's finance office will provide a copy of the notice to the creditor agency and advise the creditor agency of the dollar amount to be offset and the pay period when the offset will begin.

- (c) Incomplete claim. When the Board receives an incomplete certification of debt from a creditor agency, it must return the debt claim with notice that procedures under 5 U.S.C. 5514 and 10 CFR 1710.113 must be followed and a properly certified debt claim received before action will be taken to collect from the employee's current pay account.
- (d) Review. The Board will not review the merits of the creditor agency's determination with respect to the amount or validity of the debt certified by the creditor agency.
- (e) Employees who transfer from one paying agency to another. If, after the creditor agency has submitted the debt claim to the Board, the employee transfers from the Board to a different paying agency before the debt is collected in full, the Board will certify the total amount collected on the debt. One copy of the certification will be furnished to the employee and one copy to the creditor agency, along with notice of the employee's transfer.

§ 1710.117 Refunds.

(a) The Board will refund promptly any amounts deducted to satisfy debts owed to the United States when the debt is waived, found not owed to the United States, or when directed by an administrative or judicial order.

(b) Unless required or permitted by law or contract, refunds under this section may not bear interest.

§ 1710.119 Non-waiver of rights.

An employee's involuntary payment of all or any part of a debt collected under these regulations will not be construed as a waiver of any rights that the employee may have under 5 U.S.C. 5514 or any other provision of contract or law, unless there are statutes or contracts to the contrary.

§ 1710.121 Interest, penalties, and administrative charges.

Charges may be assessed for interest, penalties, and administrative charges in accordance with the FCCS, 31 CFR 901.9.

Dated: September 7, 2023.

Joyce Connery,

Chair.

[FR Doc. 2023–19716 Filed 9–18–23; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

12 CFR Part 24

[Docket ID OCC-2023-0005]

RIN 1557-AF19

National Bank Community Development Investments

AGENCY: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule; amendment of a form's expiration date.

SUMMARY: The OCC is making a nonsubstantive amendment to form "CD-1—National Bank Community Development (Part 24) Investments" to reflect the current expiration date assigned by the Office of Management and Budget under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

DATES: The final rule is effective on September 19, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Chandni Ohri, Director for Community Development, (202) 649–6420, 400 7th Street SW, Washington, DC 20219. If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7–1–1 to access telecommunications relay services.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The OCC is amending 12 CFR part 24, Appendix 1 to update the expiration date included on "CD-1—National Bank Community Development (Part 24) Investments" (CD-1 Form) to reflect the current August 31, 2025, expiration date assigned by the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") under the Paperwork Reduction Act.

Administrative Law Statements

A. Administrative Procedure Act

The OCC is issuing the final rule without prior notice and the opportunity for public comment and the delayed effective date ordinarily prescribed by the Administrative Procedure Act (APA).¹ Pursuant to section 553(b)(B) of the APA, general notice and the opportunity for public comment are not required with respect to a rulemaking when an "agency for good cause finds (and incorporates the finding and a brief statement of reasons therefor in the rules issued) that notice and public procedure thereon are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." The final rule merely implements a nonsubstantive amendment to update the CD-1 Form's expiration date in 12 CFR part 24, Appendix 1; therefore, requesting comment or delaying the correction would be unnecessary. For these reasons, the OCC finds that there is good cause to issue the final rule without notice and comment.3

The final rule is effective immediately upon publication in the **Federal Register**. The APA requires a 30-day delayed effective date, except for (1) substantive rules which grant or recognize an exemption or relieve a restriction; (2) interpretative rules and statements of policy; or (3) as otherwise provided by the agency for good cause.⁴ The final rule merely implements a nonsubstantive amendment to update the CD–1 Form's expiration date and has no substantive effect.⁵ Therefore, the OCC finds good cause to dispense with the 30-day delayed effective date.

B. Congressional Review Act

For purposes of the Congressional Review Act, OMB makes a determination as to whether a final rule constitutes a "major" rule.⁶ If a rule is deemed a "major rule" by OMB, the Congressional Review Act generally provides that the rule may not take effect until at least 60 days following its publication.⁷

The Congressional Review Act defines a "major rule" as any rule that the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of the OMB finds has resulted in or is likely to result in (A) an annual effect on the economy of \$100,000,000 or more; (B) a major increase in costs or

prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies or geographic regions, or (C) significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or on the ability of United States-based enterprises to compete with foreignbased enterprises in domestic and export markets.8 The OCC currently supervises approximately 1,060 national banks, federal savings associations, trust companies and federal branches and agencies of foreign banks (collectively, banks).9 This final rule will update the expiration date of the CD-1 Form that national banks must submit to provide an after-the-fact notice or to request prior approval of a public welfare investment. However, no new information is being collected by the form and no new requirements are being imposed on OCC-supervised institutions. Thus, we expect this change to have no impact and, thus, is not a "major rule" for purposes of the Congressional Review Act.

For the same reasons set forth above, the OCC is adopting this final rule without the delayed effective date generally prescribed under the Congressional Review Act. The delayed effective date required by the Congressional Review Act does not apply to "any rule which an agency for good cause finds (and incorporates the finding and a brief statement of reasons therefor in the rule issued) that notice and public procedure thereon are impracticable, unnecessary, or contrary to the public interest." 10 In light of the fact that the final rule has no substantive effect and merely updates the expiration date of the CD-1 Form, delaying the effective date of the final rule is unnecessary.

As required by the Congressional Review Act, the OCC will submit the final rule and other appropriate reports to Congress and the Government Accountability Office for review.

C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3521) (PRA) states that no agency may conduct or sponsor, nor is the respondent required to respond to, an information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. OCC has determined that this final rule does not substantively affect any current information collections or create any new collections. The final rule will update the image of Form CD–1, "National Bank Community

Development Investments" (1557–0194), that is included in 12 CFR part 24, Appendix 1 so that it reflects the expiration date of the currently approved information collection.

D. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA) 11 requires an agency to consider whether the rules it proposes will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. The RFA applies only to rules for which an agency publishes a general notice of proposed rulemaking pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b). Consistent with section 553(b)(B) of the APA, the OCC has determined for good cause that general notice and opportunity for public comment is unnecessary, and, therefore, the OCC did not issue a notice of proposed rulemaking. Accordingly, the RFA's requirements relating to initial and final regulatory flexibility analyses do not apply.

E. Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994

Pursuant to section 302(a) of the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act (RCDRIA),¹² in determining the effective date and administrative compliance requirements for new regulations that impose additional reporting, disclosure, or other requirements on insured depository institutions (IDIs), each Federal banking agency must consider, consistent with the principle of safety and soundness and the public interest, any administrative burdens that such regulations would place on depository institutions, including small depository institutions, and customers of depository institutions, as well as the benefits of such regulations. In addition, section 302(b) of RCDRIA requires new regulations and amendments to regulations that impose additional reporting, disclosures, or other new requirements on IDIs generally to take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter that begins on or after the date on which the regulations are published in final form, with certain exceptions, including for good cause. 13 For the reasons described above, the OCC finds good cause exists under section 302 of RCDRIA to publish this final rule with an immediate effective date.

F. Use of Plain Language

Section 722 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ¹⁴ requires the Federal

¹ 5 U.S.C. 553.

² 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B).

³ 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B); 553(d)(3).

⁴ 5 U.S.C. 553(d).

⁵ 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(1).

⁶⁵ U.S.C. 801 et seq.

⁷ 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(3).

⁸⁵ U.S.C. 804(2).

⁹ Based on data as of February 28, 2023.

¹⁰ 5 U.S.C. 808(2).

¹¹ 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.

^{12 12} U.S.C. 4802(a).

^{13 12} U.S.C. 4802(b)(1).

^{14 12} U.S.C. 4809.

banking agencies to use plain language in all proposed and final rules published after January 1, 2000. The OCC has sought to present the final rule in a simple and straightforward manner.

G. Unfunded Mandates

As a general matter, the Unfunded Mandates Act of 1995 (UMRA), 2 U.S.C. 1531 et seq., requires the preparation of a budgetary impact statement before promulgating a rule that includes a Federal mandate that may result in the expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$100 million or more in any one year. However, the UMRA does not apply to final rules for which a general notice of proposed rulemaking was not published. See 2 U.S.C. 1532(a).

Therefore, because the OCC has found good cause to dispense with notice and comment for this final rule, the OCC has not prepared a budgetary impact statement for the final rule under the UMRA.

List of Subjects in 12 CFR Part 24

Community development, Credit, Investments, Low and moderate income housing, Manpower, National banks, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Rural areas, Small businesses.

Authority and Issuance

For the reasons stated in the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency amends 12 CFR part 24 as follows:

PART 24—COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ENTITIES, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS, AND OTHER PUBLIC WELFARE INVESTMENTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 24 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 12 U.S.C. 24(Eleventh), 93a, 481 and 1818.

■ 2. Revise Appendix 1 to Part 24—CD–1—National Bank Community Development (Part 24) Investments to read as follows:

Appendix 1 to Part 24—CD-1— National Bank Community Development (Part 24) Investments

BILLING CODE 4810-33-P



CD-1 – National Bank Community Development (Part 24) Investments

For Official Use Only

OMB Number

A national bank or national bank subsidiary may make an investment directly or indirectly designed primarily to promote the public welfare under the community development investment authority in 12 USC 24(Eleventh) and its implementing regulation 12 CFR 24 (Part 24). Part 24 contains the OCC standards for determining whether an investment is designed to promote the public welfare and procedures that apply to those investments. National banks must submit the completed form to provide an after-the-fact notice or to request prior approval of a public welfare investment to the Community Affairs Department, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, DC 20219. Please contact the Community Affairs Department at (202) 649-6420 or CommunityAffairs@occ.treas.gov for more information.

PLEASE PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ABOUT THE INVESTING BANK.				
Bank name:	Mailing address (street or P.O. box):			
Bank charter number:	City, State, ZIP Code:			
Telephone number:	Fax number:			
E-mail address:	URL:			
CONTACT FOR INFORMATION:				
Name of bank contact responsible for form's information:	Name of bank contact responsible for CD investment (if different):			
Mailing address (street or P.O. box):	Mailing address (street or P.O. box):			
City, State, ZIP Code:	City, State, ZIP Code:			
Telephone number:	Telephone number:			
Fax number:	Fax number:			
E-mail address:	E-mail address:			
PLEASE INDICATE THE PROCESS THE BANK REQUESTS BY CHECKING THE APPROPRIATE BOX, BELOW. After-the-fact notice (12 CFR 24.5(a)) - complete sections 1 and 2. Prior approval (12 CFR 24.5(b)) - complete section 2.				

CD-1 (Expiration Date: 08/31/2025)

Section 1 – After-The-Fact Notice Only (12 CFR 24.5(a))

A bank may provide an after-the-fact notice of its Part 24 investment if the bank responds affirmatively to <u>all</u> of the following requirements.

The bank is "well-capitalized," as defined in 12 CFR 24.2(i).	∕es 🏻	No 🗌		
The bank has a composite rating of 1 or 2 under the Uniform Financial Institutions Rating System.	∕es 🏻	No 🗌		
The bank's most recent Community Reinvestment Act rating is satisfactory or outstanding.	∕es 🔲	No 🗌		
The bank is not under a cease and desist order, consent order, formal written agreement, or Prompt Corrective	e Action	directive.		
Yes				
Including this investment, the bank's aggregate outstanding investments and commitments under Part 24 do n of its capital and surplus, unless the OCC has provided written approval of a written request by the bank allow provide after-the-fact notices for investments that would raise the aggregate amount of the bank's Part 24 invepercent of its capital and surplus.	ing the l	ank to		
Yes				
The investment does not involve properties carried on the bank's books as "other real estate owned."	′es 🗌	No 🗆		
The OCC has not determined, in published guidance, that the investment is inappropriate for the after-the-fact	notificat	ion.		
Yes				
Has the bank responded affirmatively to all of the above requirements in order to provide an after-the-fact notice of its Part 24 investment? [The OCC may have provided written notification that the bank may submit Part 24 after-the-fact notices. If so, please provide the date or a copy of the OCC's written notification.] Yes				
of this form.)				

CD-1 (Expiration Date: 08/31/2025)

Section 2 — All Requests

1.		indicate how the bank's investment is consistent with Part 24 requirements for publi ments, under 12 CFR 24.3.	c welfare
	a.	Check at least one of the following that applies to the bank's investment:	
		The investment primarily benefits low- and moderate-income individuals.	
		The investment primarily benefits low- and moderate-income areas.	
		The investment primarily benefits other areas targeted by a governmental entity for redevelopment.	
		The investment would receive consideration under 12 CFR 25.23 as a "qualified investment" for purposes of the Community Reinvestment Act.	
2.		indicate how the bank's investment is consistent with Part 24 requirements for invesunder 12 CFR 24.4 by responding to the following questions.	stment
	a.	Dollar amount of the bank's investment that is the subject of this submission:	
	b.	Percentage of the bank's capital and surplus represented by the bank's investment that is the subject submission:	ct of this
	C.	Percentage of the bank's capital and surplus represented by the aggregate outstanding Part 24 invecommitments, including this investment:	estments and
	d.	Does this investment expose the bank to unlimited liability?	
		Yes (This investment cannot be made under Part 24.)	
		No 🗆	
3.	Please Includ	attach a brief description of the bank's investment. (See 12 CFR 24.5(a)(3)(i) and (b)(7 et he following information in the description.	2)(i)).
	a.	The name of the community and economic development entity (CEDE) into which the bank's investre been (or will be) made.	ment has
	b.	The type of bank investment (equity, debt, or other).	
	C.	The activity or activities of the CEDE in which the bank has invested (or will invest). (See examples investment activities described in 12 CFR 24.6 (a), (b), (c), and (d).)	of qualifying
	d.	How the investment is structured so that it does not expose the bank to unlimited liability, such as by the structure of the CEDE (e.g., CDC subsidiary, multi-bank CDC, multi-investor CDC, limited partner limited liability company, community development bank, community development financial institution development entity, community development venture capital fund, community development lending community development closed-end mutual funds, non-diversified closed-end investment companies other CEDE) and by providing any other relevant information.	ership, n, community consortia,
	e.	The geographic area served by the CEDE.	

CD-1 (Expiration Date: 08/31/2025)

f. The total funding or other support by community development partners involved in the project (e.g., government or public agencies, nonprofits, other investors), if known.

g. Supplemental information (e.g., prospectus, annual report, Web address that contains information about the CEDE in which the investment is or will be made), if available.

				ion purposes.

The bank maintains information concerning this investment in a form readily accessible and available for examination
that supports the certifications contained in this form and demonstrates that the investment meets the standards set out
in 12 CFR 24.3, including, where applicable, the criteria of 12 CFR 25.23.

Yes 🗌 No 🗌

5. Certification

The undersigned hereby certifies that the foregoing information in this form is accurate and complete. It is further certified that the undersigned is authorized to file this form on Part 24 investments for the bank.

Name:	
Title:	
Signature:	
Date:	

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

THE SPACE BELOW MAY BE USED TO DESCRIBE THE BANK'S CD INVESTMENT AS REQUESTED IN SECTION 2. QUESTION 3.

CD-1 (Expiration Date: 08/31/2025)

Benjamin W. McDonough,

Senior Deputy Comptroller and Chief Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2023–20187 Filed 9–18–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4810–33–C

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2023-1221; Project Identifier MCAI-2023-00070-T; Amendment 39-22543; AD 2023-18-02]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus SAS Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The FAA is superseding Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2020-06-10, which applied to certain Airbus SAS Model A318 series airplanes; Model A319-111, -112, -113, -114, -115, -131, -132, and -133 airplanes; Model A320-211, -212, -214, -216, -231, -232, and -233 airplanes; and Model A321–111, –112, –131, –211, –212, –213, –231, and –232 airplanes. AD 2020-06-10 required repetitive inspections for cracking of the vertical stiffeners of the left- and right-hand sides of the window frames and corrective actions if necessary. Since the FAA issued AD 2020-06-10, it was determined that certain compliance times need to be reduced. This AD