# OCC Mortgage Metrics Report 

Disclosure of National Bank and Federal Savings
Association Mortgage Loan Data
Second Quarter 2012

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## Executive Summary

This OCC Mortgage Metrics Report for the second quarter of 2012 provides performance data on first-lien residential mortgages serviced by selected national and federal savings banks. The mortgages in this portfolio comprise 60 percent of all mortgages outstanding in the United States- 30.5 million loans totaling $\$ 5.2$ trillion in principal balances. This report provides information on their performance through June 30, 2012.

The overall quality of the portfolio of serviced mortgages included in this report improved from the same period a year ago but showed seasonal decline from the previous quarter. The percentage of mortgages that were current and performing at the end of the quarter was 88.7 percent, compared with 88.9 percent the previous quarter and 88.1 percent a year earlier. The percentage of mortgages that were 30 to 59 days past due was 2.8 percent, up 12.1 percent from the previous quarter but down 7.5 percent from a year ago. The percentage of mortgages that were seriously delinquent- 60 or more days past due or held by bankrupt borrowers whose payments were 30 or more days past due-was 4.4 percent, down 0.8 percent from the previous quarter and 9.2 percent from a year earlier. Several factors contribute to the year-over-year improvement, including strengthening economic conditions, servicing transfers, and the ongoing effects of both home retention loan modification programs and home forfeiture actions.

While foreclosure activity remains high, the number of foreclosures in process decreased 6.2 percent from a year earlier, falling to $1,237,025$ at the end of the second quarter of 2012. This decline reflects the effects of successful home retention actions as well as home forfeitures. The number of newly initiated foreclosures increased to 302,636 during the second quarter of 2012, up 5.4 percent from the same period a year ago. The number of completed foreclosures decreased 16.1 percent from a year ago to 101,735 . While the number of newly initiated foreclosures has increased, the decline in completed foreclosures is attributable to servicers holding loans in the foreclosure process for longer periods of time in an effort to accomplish alternate loss mitigation or home forfeiture actions.

Servicers continued to emphasize alternatives to foreclosure during the quarter. Servicers implemented 416,036 new home retention actions during the quarter, while starting 302,636 new foreclosures. The number of home retention actions implemented by servicers increased 17.9 percent from the previous quarter but decreased 8.8 percent from a year earlier.

## Mortgage Performance

- The overall percentage of mortgages in this report that were current and performing decreased to 88.7 percent at the end of the second quarter of 2012 (see table 7).
- The percentage of mortgages that were 30 to 59 days delinquent at the end of the second quarter increased by 12.1 percent from the previous quarter but decreased by 7.5 percent from a year earlier (see table 7).
- The percentage of mortgages that were seriously delinquent at the end of the quarter was 4.4 percent - down 0.8 percent from the previous quarter and 9.2 percent from a year earlier (see table 7).
- The quality of serviced government-guaranteed mortgages declined during the quarter. The percentage of these mortgages that were current and performing decreased to 84.9 percent from 85.9 percent in the previous quarter. The percentage of these mortgages that were current and performing a year earlier was 85.7 percent (see table 9).
- Mortgages serviced for Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac (government-sponsored enterprises or GSE) made up the majority - 59 percent - of the mortgages in this report. The percentage of these mortgages that were current and performing has remained relatively constant over the last year. The percentageof these mortgages that were current and perfoming remained the same as the previous quarter at 93.7 percent (see table 10).


## Home Retention Actions: Loan Modifications, Trial-Period Plans, and Payment Plans

- Servicers implemented 416,036 home retention actions-modifications, trial-period plans, and payment plans-during the second quarter of 2012 (see table 1). This was nearly two and a half times the number of completed foreclosures, short sales, and deed-in-lieu-offoreclosure actions in the quarter (see table 5). The number of new home retention actions increased by 17.9 percent from the previous quarter and decreased 8.8 percent from a year earlier.
- New home retention actions included 92,214 modifications, 203,972 trial-period plans, and 119,850 payment plans during the quarter. Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP) modifications decreased 24.3 percent from the previous quarter to 28,279 and 59.6 percent from a year earlier. Other modifications decreased by 1.3 percent to 63,935 during the quarter and decreased by 20.5 percent from a year earlier. HAMP trial-period plans decreased by 4.1 percent from the previous quarter and 42.4 percent from the previous year. Other trial-period plans increased by 74.2 percent from the previous quarter and 50.1 percent from a year earlier. ${ }^{1}$ During the past five quarters, servicers initiated more than 2.1 million home retention actions (see table 1 ) and more than 2.6 million modifications since 2008 (see table 2).

| Table 1. Number of New Home Retention Actions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $6 / 30 / 11$ | $9 / 30 / 11$ | $12 / 31 / 11$ | $3 / 31 / 12$ | $6 / 30 / 12$ | $1 Q$ |  |
|  | \%Change | $1 Y$ <br> \%Change |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Modifications | 80,397 | 83,596 | 73,875 | 64,782 | 63,935 | $-1.3 \%$ | $-20.5 \%$ |
| HAMP Modifications | 70,071 | 53,941 | 42,275 | 37,375 | 28,279 | $-24.3 \%$ | $-59.6 \%$ |
| Other Trial-Period Plans | 118,928 | 127,545 | 182,856 | 102,486 | 178,528 | $74.2 \%$ | $50.1 \%$ |
| HAMP Trial-Period Plans | 44,148 | 29,338 | 27,323 | 26,530 | 25,444 | $-4.1 \%$ | $-42.4 \%$ |
| Payment Plans | 142,678 | 164,568 | 133,881 | 121,815 | 119,850 | $-1.6 \%$ | $-16.0 \%$ |
| Total | 456,222 | 458,988 | 460,210 | 352,988 | 416,036 | $17.9 \%$ | $-8.8 \%$ |

[^0]- Servicers reduced interest rates in 82.5 percent of all modifications made during the second quarter of 2012. Term extensions were used in 64.8 percent of modifications, principal deferrals in 20.7 percent, and principal reductions in 11.4 percent (see table 17). Among HAMP modifications, servicers reduced interest rates in 87.5 percent of those modifications, deferred principal in 30.4 percent, and reduced principal in 21.1 percent (see table 18).
- Servicers reduced monthly principal and interest payments in 90.4 percent of modifications made in the quarter (see table 22). Servicers reduced monthly payments by an average of 24.6 percent for all borrowers who qualified for modifications, with an average decrease of $\$ 381$. HAMP modifications reduced payments by an average of $\$ 576$, or 35.3 percent, and other modifications reduced monthly payments by $\$ 295$, or 19.9 percent (see table 24 ).


## Modified Loan Performance

- Servicers modified 2,645,290 mortgages from the beginning of 2008 through the end of the first quarter of 2012. At the end of the second quarter of 2012, 48.6 percent of these modifications were current or paid off. Another 7.6 percent were 30 to 59 days delinquent, and 14.9 percent were seriously delinquent. Another 10.5 percent were in the process of foreclosure, and 6.5 percent had completed the foreclosure process. More recent modifications that emphasized reduced payments, affordability and sustainability have outperformed modifications implemented in earlier periods (see table 2 ).

| Table 2. Status of Mortgages Modified in 2008-1Q 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Current | $\begin{gathered} 30-59 \\ \text { Days } \end{gathered}$ Delinquent | Seriously Delinquent | Foreclosures in Process | Completed Foreclosures | Paid Off | No Longer in the Portfolio* |
| 2008 | 445,354 | 24.0\% | 5.4\% | 15.0\% | 15.2\% | 14.8\% | 3.5\% | 22.1\% |
| 2009 | 594,350 | 36.3\% | 7.0\% | 16.9\% | 13.5\% | 9.5\% | 2.3\% | 14.5\% |
| 2010 | 939,364 | 50.4\% | 7.9\% | 14.7\% | 9.8\% | 4.6\% | 1.1\% | 11.5\% |
| 2011 | 564,065 | 64.9\% | 9.1\% | 14.4\% | 6.6\% | 1.1\% | 0.5\% | 3.5\% |
| 2012 | 102,157 | 79.1\% | 9.1\% | 8.8\% | 1.3\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 1.6\% |
| Total | 2,645,290 | 47.0\% | 7.6\% | 14.9\% | 10.5\% | 6.5\% | 1.6\% | 11.9\% |
| HAMP Modification Performance Compared With Other Modifications** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Modifications | 1,259,224 | 50.7\% | 8.9\% | 17.2\% | 9.8\% | 4.7\% | 1.2\% | 7.5\% |
| HAMP <br> Modifications | 603,126 | 64.8\% | 6.9\% | 9.1\% | 6.1\% | 2.2\% | 0.6\% | 10.3\% |
| Modifications That Reduced Payments by 10 Percent or More |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Modifications <br> That <br> Reduced Payments by $10 \%$ or More | 1,591,822 | 55.4\% | 7.6\% | 12.5\% | 8.1\% | 4.1\% | 1.0\% | 11.3\% |
| Modifications That Reduced Payments by Less Than 10 Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Modifications That <br> Reduced Payments by Less Than 10\% | 1,053,468 | 34.3\% | 7.4\% | 18.7\% | 14.2\% | 10.1\% | 2.4\% | 12.8\% |
| Processing co <br> *Modifications quarter of 2009 | straints pr used to co through th | vented som pare with first quart | e servicers f <br> HAMP modific r of 2012. | rem reporting ations only in | the reason for r lude modificatio | moval from the ons implemented | portfolio <br> from | e third |

- HAMP modifications have performed better than other modifications. Of the 603,126 HAMP modifications implemented since the third quarter of 2009, 64.8 percent remained current, compared with 50.7 percent of other modifications implemented during the same period (see table 2). HAMP modifications perform better largely because of the emphasis on reduced monthly payments, affordability relative to borrower income, required income verification, and successfully completing a required trial period.
- Modifications that reduced borrower monthly payments by 10 percent or more performed better than those that reduced payments by less than 10 percent-the greater the payment decrease, the better the subsequent performance. At the end of the second quarter of 2012, 55.4 percent of modifications that reduced payments by 10 percent or more were current and performing, compared with 34.3 percent of those that reduced payments by less (see table 2 ).
- Modifications on mortgages held in the servicers' own portfolios and those serviced for the GSEs performed better than modifications on mortgages serviced for others. Of the modifications implemented from January 1, 2008, through June 30, 2011 that were in effect at least one year, 22.9 percent of modifications on mortgages held in the servicers' own portfolios, 26.1 percent of Fannie Mae mortgages, and 25.6 percent of Freddie Mac mortgages were 60 or more days delinquent after 12 months. Conversely, 47.9 percent of government-guaranteed mortgages and 44.4 percent of private investor-held loans were 60 or more days delinquent after 12 months. This variance may reflect differences in the characteristics of the loans and the modification programs as well as the servicers' additional flexibility when modifying mortgages they owned (see table 3).

| Table 3. Re-Default Rates for Portfolio Loans and Loans Serviced for Others |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (60 or More Days Delinquent)* |  |  |  |  |  |

*Data include all modifications made since January 1, 2008 that have aged the indicated number of months.

## Foreclosures and Other Home Forfeiture Actions

- Newly initiated foreclosures increased 5.5 percent from the previous quarter and 5.4 percent from a year earlier. The number of foreclosures in process decreased 2.6 percent from the previous quarter and 6.2 percent from a year earlier (see table 4), reflecting both the continued emphasis on loss mitigation actions as well as home forfeitures.

| Table 4. New Foreclosures and Foreclosures in Process |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1Y \%Change |
| Newly Initiated Foreclosures | 287,173 | 347,728 | 292,173 | 286,951 | 302,636 | 5.5\% | 5.4\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 1,319,281 | 1,326,019 | 1,262,294 | 1,269,921 | 1,237,025 | -2.6\% | -6.2\% |

- Home forfeiture actions totaled 167,474 at the end of the quarter, a decrease of 9.9 percent from the previous quarter and 7.1 percent from a year earlier. Completed foreclosures decreased by 17.3 percent from the previous quarter and 16.1 percent from a year earlier. Short sales increased by 5.7 percent from the previous quarter and 12.4 percent from a year earlier. Short sales comprise more than one-third of home forfeiture actions (see table 5).

| Table 5. Completed Foreclosures and Other Home Forfeiture Actions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $6 / 30 / 11$ | $9 / 30 / 11$ | $12 / 31 / 11$ | $3 / 31 / 12$ | $6 / 30 / 12$ | $1 Q$ <br> $\%$ Change | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| Completed <br> Foreclosures | 121,237 | 113,294 | 116,159 | 122,979 | 101,735 | $-17.3 \%$ | $-16.1 \%$ |
| New Short Sales | 56,407 | 57,479 | 63,257 | 59,996 | 63,403 | $5.7 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ |
| New Deed-in-Lieu- <br> of-Foreclosure <br> Actions | 2,558 | 2,623 | 2,939 | 2,806 | 2,336 | $-16.7 \%$ | $-8.7 \%$ |
| Total | 180,202 | 173,396 | 182,355 | 185,781 | 167,474 | $-9.9 \%$ | $-7.1 \%$ |

## About Mortgage Metrics

The OCC Mortgage Metrics Report presents data on first-lien residential mortgages serviced by eight national banks and a federal savings association with the largest mortgage-servicing portfolios. ${ }^{2}$ The data represent 60 percent of all first-lien residential mortgages outstanding in the country and focuses on credit performance, loss mitigation efforts, and foreclosures. More than 92 percent of the mortgages in the portfolio were serviced for investors other than the reporting institutions. At the end of June 2012, the reporting institutions serviced 30.5 million first-lien mortgage loans, totaling $\$ 5.2$ trillion in unpaid balances (see table 6).

Although the loans reflected in this report represent a large percentage of the overall mortgage industry, they do not represent a statistically random sample of all mortgage loans. The characteristics of these loans may differ from the overall population of mortgages. This report does not attempt to quantify or adjust for known seasonal effects that occur within the mortgage industry.

In addition to providing information to the public, the report and its data support the supervision of national bank and federal savings association mortgage-servicing practices. Examiners use the data to help assess emerging trends, identify anomalies, compare servicers with peers, evaluate asset quality and necessary loan-loss reserves, and assess loss mitigation actions.

The report promotes the use of standardized terms and elements, which allow better comparisons across the industry and over time. The report uses standardized definitions for prime, Alt-A, and subprime mortgages based on commonly used credit score ranges.

The OCC and the participating institutions devote significant resources to ensuring that the information is reliable and accurate. Steps to ensure the validity of the data include quality assurance processes conducted by the banks and savings association, comprehensive data validation tests performed by a third-party data aggregator, and comparisons with the institutions' quarterly call and thrift financial reports. Data sets of this size and scope inevitably incur some degree of missing or inconsistent data and other imperfections. The OCC requires servicers to adjust previous data submissions when errors and omissions are detected. In some cases, data presented in this report reflect resubmissions from institutions that restate and correct earlier information.

The report also includes mortgage modification data by state and territories in appendix E . These data fulfill reporting requirements in the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-203).

## Definitions and Method

The report uses standard definitions for three categories of mortgage creditworthiness based on the following ranges of borrowers' credit scores at the time of origination:

[^1]- Prime-660 and above.
- Alt-A-620 to 659 .
- Subprime-below 620.

Approximately 10 percent of mortgages in the portfolio were not accompanied by credit scores and are classified as "other." This group includes a mix of prime, Alt-A, and subprime mortgages. In large part, the lack of credit scores results from acquisitions of portfolios from third parties for which borrower credit scores at origination were not available.

Additional definitions include:

- Completed foreclosures-Ownership of properties transferred to servicers or investors. The ultimate result is the loss of borrowers' homes because of nonpayment.
- Deed-in-lieu-of-foreclosure actions-Actions in which borrowers transfer ownership of the properties (deeds) to servicers in full satisfaction of the outstanding mortgage debt to lessen the adverse impact of the debt on borrowers' credit records. Deed-in-lieu-of-foreclosure actions typically have a less adverse impact than foreclosures on borrowers' credit records.
- Foreclosures in process-Number of mortgages for which servicers have begun formal foreclosure proceedings but have not yet completed the foreclosure process. The foreclosure process varies by state and can take 15 months or more to complete. Many foreclosures in process never result in the loss of borrowers' homes because servicers simultaneously pursue other loss mitigation actions, and borrowers may return their mortgages to current and performing status.
- Government-guaranteed mortgages-All mortgages with an explicit guaranty from the U.S. government, including the Federal Housing Administration (FHA), the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), and, to a lesser extent, certain other departments. These loans may be held in pools backing Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) securities, owned by or securitized through different third-party investors, or held in the portfolios of reporting institutions.
- Home retention actions-Loan modifications, trial-period plans, and payment plans that allow borrowers to retain ownership and occupancy of their homes while attempting to return the loans to a current and performing status.
- Loan modifications-Actions that contractually change the terms of mortgages with respect to interest rates, maturity, principal, or other terms of the loan.
- Newly initiated foreclosures-Mortgages for which the servicers initiate formal foreclosure proceedings during the quarter. Many newly initiated foreclosures do not result in the loss of borrowers' homes because servicers simultaneously pursue other loss mitigation actions, and borrowers may act to return their mortgages to current and performing status.
- Payment plans-Short-to-medium-term changes in scheduled terms and payments in order to return mortgages to a current and performing status.
- Payment-option, adjustable rate mortgages (ARM)-Mortgages that allow borrowers to choose a monthly payment that may initially reduce principal, pay interest only, or result in
negative amortization, when some amount of unpaid interest is added to the principal balance of the loan and results in an increased balance.
- Principal deferral modifications-Modifications that remove a portion of the principal from the amount used to calculate monthly principal and interest payments for a set period. The deferred amount becomes due at the end of the loan term.
- Principal reduction modifications-Modifications that permanently forgive a portion of the principal amount owed on a mortgage.
- Re-default rates-Percentage of modified loans that subsequently become delinquent or enter the foreclosure process. As measures of delinquency, this report presents re-default rates using 30,60 , and 90 or more days delinquent and in process of foreclosure. It focuses on the 60 -day-delinquent measure. All re-default data presented in this report are based on modified loans in effect for the specified amount of time after the modification. All loans that have been repaid in full, been refinanced, been sold, or completed the foreclosure process are removed from the calculation. Data include only modifications that have had time to age the indicated number of months following the modification.
- Seriously delinquent loans-Mortgages that are 60 or more days past due, and all mortgages held by bankrupt borrowers whose payments are 30 or more days past due.
- Short sales-Sales of the mortgaged properties at prices that net less than the total amount due on the mortgages. Servicers and borrowers negotiate repayment programs, forbearance, or forgiveness for any remaining deficiency on the debt. Short sales typically have a less adverse impact than foreclosures on borrowers' credit records.
- Trial-period plans-Home retention actions that allow borrowers to demonstrate capability and willingness to pay their modified mortgages for a set period of time. The action becomes permanent following the successful completion of the trial period.

Loan delinquencies are reported using the Mortgage Bankers Association convention that a loan is past due when a scheduled payment has not been made by the due date of the following scheduled payment.. The statistics and calculated ratios are based on the number of loans rather than on the dollar amount outstanding.

Percentages are rounded to one decimal place unless the result is less than 0.1 percent, which is rounded to two decimal places. The report uses whole numbers when approximating. Values in tables may not total 100 percent because of rounding.

In tables throughout this report, the quarters are indicated by the last day of the quarter (e.g., $6 / 30 / 12$ ), quarter-to-quarter changes are shown under the column " $1 \mathrm{Q} \%$ Change" column, and year-to-year changes are shown under the column "1Y \%Change" column.

In tables throughout this report, percentages shown under " $1 \mathrm{Q} \%$ Change" and " $1 \mathrm{Y} \%$ Change" are calculated using actual data, not the rounded values reported for each quarter. Calculating period-to-period changes from the rounded values reported in the tables may yield materially different values than those values indicated in the table.

Mortgage Metrics Report data may not agree with other published data because of timing delays in updating servicer-processing systems.

## PART I: Mortgage Performance

Part I describes the performance of the overall mortgage portfolio, mortgages owned and held by the reporting banks and savings association, government-guaranteed mortgages, mortgages serviced for the GSEs, and mortgages within each risk category.

## Overall Mortgage Portfolio

At the end of the second quarter of 2012, the servicing portfolio included 30.5 million loans with $\$ 5.2$ trillion in unpaid principal balances (see table 6). Prime loans were 72 percent of the servicing portfolio at quarter end. Subprime loans were 7 percent, and Alt-A loans were 11 percent of the portfolio at the end of the quarter. Other loans were 10 percent of the portfolio at the end of the quarter.

| Table 6. Overall Mortgage Portfolio |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 |
| Total Servicing (Millions) | \$5,682,951 | \$5,598,366 | \$5,415,566 | \$5,332,795 | \$5,222,349 |
| Total Servicing (Number of Loans) | 32,769,738 | 32,434,997 | 31,381,140 | 31,026,381 | 30,494,357 |
| Composition (Percentage of All Mortgages in the Portfolio) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | 70\% | 70\% | 71\% | 71\% | 72\% |
| Alt-A | 11\% | 11\% | 11\% | 11\% | 11\% |
| Subprime | 8\% | 7\% | 7\% | 7\% | 7\% |
| Other | 12\% | 12\% | 11\% | 11\% | 10\% |
| Composition (Number of Loans in Each Risk Category of the Portfolio) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | 22,904,910 | 22,765,207 | 22,311,549 | 22,142,982 | 21,878,183 |
| Alt-A | 3,522,896 | 3,499,907 | 3,388,098 | 3,359,124 | 3,306,092 |
| Subprime | 2,476,801 | 2,426,056 | 2,307,692 | 2,260,455 | 2,182,847 |
| Other | 3,865,131 | 3,743,827 | 3,373,801 | 3,263,820 | 3,127,235 |

Figure 1. Portfolio Composition


## Overall Mortgage Performance

The overall performance of the portfolio of mortgages serviced by the reporting banks and federal savings association deteriorated slightly from last quarter but improved from a year earlier. The percentage of mortgages that were current and performing at the end of the quarter was 88.7 percent, compared with 88.9 percent in the previous quarter and 88.1 percent a year earlier (see table 7). The percentage of mortgages that were 30 to 59 days past due was 2.8 percent, showing a seasonal increase of 12.1 percent from the previous quarter but decreasing 7.5 percent from a year earlier. Seriously delinquent loans fell to 4.4 percent of the portfolio, their lowest level in three years. The percentage of mortgages that were in the foreclosure process at the end of the quarter decreased by 0.9 percent to 4.1 percent of the portfolio, but up 0.8 percent from a year earlier. The number of mortgages in the process of foreclosure decreased 2.6 percent from the previous quarter and 6.2 percent from a year earlier. The performance reflected in this report may not be generalized to the overall population of mortgages in the United States.

| (Percentage of Mortgages in the Portfolio) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | $1 \mathrm{Q}$ <br> \%Change | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| Current and Performing | 88.1\% | 88.0\% | 88.0\% | 88.9\% | 88.7\% | -0.3\% | 0.7\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | 2.5\% | 2.8\% | 12.1\% | -7.5\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 1.1\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 0.9\% | 1.0\% | 7.4\% | -11.0\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 2.8\% | 2.7\% | 2.8\% | 2.5\% | 2.3\% | -5.2\% | -16.4\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.9\% | 13.8\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 4.9\% | 4.9\% | 5.0\% | 4.5\% | 4.4\% | -0.8\% | -9.2\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 4.0\% | 4.1\% | 4.0\% | 4.1\% | 4.1\% | -0.9\% | 0.8\% |
| (Number of Mortgages in the Portfolio) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current and Performing | 28,853,846 | 28,550,780 | 27,600,497 | 27,589,940 | 27,046,778 | -2.0\% | -6.3\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 996,868 | 972,727 | 952,719 | 779,022 | 858,330 | 10.2\% | -13.9\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 371,754 | 384,666 | 371,164 | 291,663 | 307,759 | 5.5\% | -17.2\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 910,842 | 876,961 | 867,508 | 760,736 | 708,741 | -6.8\% | -22.2\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 317,147 | 323,844 | 326,958 | 335,099 | 335,724 | 0.2\% | 5.9\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 1,599,743 | 1,585,471 | 1,565,630 | 1,387,498 | 1,352,224 | -2.5\% | -15.5\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 1,319,281 | 1,326,019 | 1,262,294 | 1,269,921 | 1,237,025 | -2.6\% | -6.2\% |
| Total | 32,769,738 | 32,434,997 | 31,381,140 | 31,026,381 | 30,494,357 | -1.7\% | -6.9\% |

Figure 2. Overall Portfolio Performance


## Performance of Mortgages Held by Reporting Banks and Thrift

The nine reporting institutions held 7.8 percent of the 30.5 million mortgages included in this report. This does not include government-guaranteed mortgages that may be held in bank and reporting servicer-owned portfolios. The remaining mortgages were serviced for others. The performance of mortgages held by the reporting institutions improved from the previous quarter and a year earlier (see table 8). The percentage of these mortgages that were current at the end of the quarter was 84.0 percent, an increase from 83.5 percent the previous quarter and 80.3 percent a year earlier. The percentage of these mortgages that were 30 to 59 days delinquent at the end of the quarter was 3.4 percent, a 3.7 percent increase from the previous quarter but a 13.1 percent decrease from a year earlier. The percentage of these mortgages that were seriously delinquent at quarter end was 5.9 percent, a 2.9 percent decrease from the previous quarter and 26.7 percent decrease from a year earlier. The percentage of these mortgages in the process of foreclosure was 6.7 percent, a 5.9 percent decrease from the previous quarter and 13.4 percent decrease from a year earlier. Since the first quarter of 2009, mortgages held in the servicers' portfolios have performed worse than mortgages serviced for GSEs and government-guaranteed mortgages, because of concentrations of loans in alternative product structures and weaker geographic markets and, more recently, delinquent loans repurchased from investors.

|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1Q } \\ \text { \%Change } \end{gathered}$ | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current and Performing | 80.3\% | 81.4\% | 82.6\% | 83.5\% | 84.0\% | 0.6\% | 4.6\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 4.0\% | 3.8\% | 3.8\% | 3.3\% | 3.4\% | 3.7\% | -13.1\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 1.5\% | 1.5\% | 1.5\% | 1.3\% | 1.3\% | 1.6\% | -14.6\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 4.9\% | 4.0\% | 3.4\% | 3.1\% | 2.9\% | -4.6\% | -39.6\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 1.6\% | 1.7\% | 1.6\% | 1.7\% | 1.6\% | -3.4\% | 0.7\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 8.0\% | 7.2\% | 6.5\% | 6.0\% | 5.9\% | -2.9\% | -26.7\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 7.8\% | 7.5\% | 7.1\% | 7.1\% | 6.7\% | -5.9\% | -13.4\% |
| Performance of Mortgages Held by Reporting Banks and Thrift (Number) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current and Performing | 1,870,675 | 1,909,516 | 1,971,555 | 1,938,500 | 2,008,711 | 3.6\% | 7.4\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 92,252 | 90,050 | 90,346 | 76,967 | 82,270 | 6.9\% | -10.8\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 35,294 | 35,675 | 35,636 | 29,561 | 30,957 | 4.7\% | -12.3\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 113,134 | 94,524 | 80,609 | 71,355 | 70,144 | -1.7\% | -38.0\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 37,712 | 38,799 | 39,148 | 39,150 | 38,968 | -0.5\% | 3.3\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 186,140 | 168,998 | 155,393 | 140,066 | 140,069 | 0.0\% | -24.8\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 180,549 | 175,969 | 169,064 | 165,679 | 160,595 | -3.1\% | -11.1\% |
| Total | 2,329,616 | 2,344,533 | 2,386,358 | 2,321,212 | 2,391,645 | 3.0\% | 2.7\% |

*The data in this table exclude government-guaranteed mortgages owned and held by the reporting institutions.

Figure 3. Performance of Mortgages Held by Reporting Banks and Thrift


## Performance of Government-Guaranteed Mortgages

Government-guaranteed mortgages were 22.9 percent of the mortgages in this report at the end of the quarter, compared with 20.7 percent a year earlier. The percentage of governmentguaranteed mortgages that were current and performing decreased from the previous quarter and the previous year (see table 9). The percentage of these loans that were current and performing at the end of the quarter was 84.9 percent, down from 85.9 percent at the end of the previous quarter and 85.7 percent a year earlier. The percentage of these loans that were 30 to 59 days delinquent was 4.6 percent at the end of the quarter, a 17.0 percent increase from the previous quarter but an 8.1 percent decrease from a year earlier. The percentage of these loans that were seriously delinquent was 6.8 percent at the end of the quarter, a 3.2 percent decrease from the previous quarter but a 3.5 percent increase from a year earlier. The percentage of these loans in the process of foreclosure at the end of the quarter was 3.7 percent, an increase of 15.5 percent from the previous quarter and 36.2 percent from a year earlier. More than 79 percent of these loans were FHA loans, 15 percent were VA loans, and 6 percent were other governmentguaranteed mortgages. Almost 86 percent of the government-guaranteed mortgages were in pools of loans backing Ginnie Mae securities.

|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1Y \%Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current and Performing | 85.7\% | 85.2\% | 84.2\% | 85.9\% | 84.9\% | -1.1\% | -1.0\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 5.0\% | 4.9\% | 5.0\% | 3.9\% | 4.6\% | 17.0\% | -8.1\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 1.9\% | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 1.5\% | 1.7\% | 13.0\% | -10.3\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 3.6\% | 4.1\% | 4.7\% | 4.4\% | 3.9\% | -10.9\% | 7.5\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.2\% | 5.5\% | 14.4\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 6.6\% | 7.1\% | 7.8\% | 7.0\% | 6.8\% | -3.2\% | 3.5\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 2.7\% | 2.8\% | 2.9\% | 3.2\% | 3.7\% | 15.5\% | 36.2\% |
| Performance of Government-Guaranteed Mortgages (Number) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current and Performing | 5,826,732 | 5,914,032 | 5,766,800 | 5,940,585 | 5,938,802 | 0.0\% | 1.9\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 338,346 | 342,104 | 345,295 | 270,710 | 320,119 | 18.3\% | -5.4\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 126,264 | 136,485 | 139,849 | 101,989 | 116,506 | 14.2\% | -7.7\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 247,804 | 281,264 | 321,608 | 304,492 | 274,075 | -10.0\% | 10.6\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 71,810 | 73,375 | 75,869 | 79,266 | 84,502 | 6.6\% | 17.7\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 445,878 | 491,124 | 537,326 | 485,747 | 475,083 | -2.2\% | 6.5\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 185,423 | 191,055 | 201,460 | 222,648 | 259,880 | 16.7\% | 40.2\% |
| Total | 6,796,379 | 6,938,315 | 6,850,881 | 6,919,690 | 6,993,884 | 1.1\% | 2.9\% |

Figure 4. Performance of Government-Guaranteed Mortgages


## Performance of GSE Mortgages

GSE mortgages made up 58.4 percent of the mortgages in this report, down from 60.2 percent a year earlier. The portfolio of GSE mortgages performs better than the overall portfolio because it contains more prime loans. The percentage of GSE mortgages that were current and performing at the end of the second quarter of 2012 was 93.7 percent, unchanged from the previous quarter but up from 93.1 percent a year earlier (see table 10). The percentage of GSE mortgages that were 30 to 59 days delinquent at the end of the quarter was 1.8 percent, an increase of 9.3 percent from the previous quarter but a 12.0 percent decrease from a year earlier. The percentage of GSE mortgages that were seriously delinquent was 2.2 percent, a 4.3 percent increase from the previous quarter but a 4.1 percent decrease from a year earlier. The percentage of these loans in the process of foreclosure was 2.3 percent, a decrease of 7.0 percent from the previous quarter and 9.6 percent from a year earlier. Of the GSE mortgages, 59 percent were serviced for Fannie Mae and 41 percent for Freddie Mac.

| Table 10. Performance of GSE Mortgages (Percentage) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q <br> \%Change | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| Current and Performing | 93.1\% | 93.1\% | 93.1\% | 93.7\% | 93.7\% | -0.1\% | 0.6\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 1.9\% | 1.6\% | 1.8\% | 9.3\% | -12.0\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 0.7\% | 0.7\% | 0.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.6\% | 4.1\% | -16.2\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 1.1\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 6.6\% | -5.2\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.7\% | 1.1\% | 11.9\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 2.3\% | 2.5\% | 2.5\% | 2.2\% | 2.2\% | 4.3\% | -4.1\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 2.6\% | 2.5\% | 2.4\% | 2.5\% | 2.3\% | -7.0\% | -9.6\% |
| Performance of GSE Mortgages (Number) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current and Performing | 18,351,805 | 18,011,623 | 17,265,388 | 17,153,725 | 16,672,691 | -2.8\% | -9.1\% |
| 30-59 Days Delinquent | 396,676 | 379,596 | 357,477 | 296,501 | 315,274 | 6.3\% | -20.5\% |
| The Following Three Categories Are Classified as Seriously Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-89 Days Delinquent | 131,893 | 133,734 | 121,162 | 98,584 | 99,844 | 1.3\% | -24.3\% |
| 90 or More Days Delinquent | 214,952 | 227,724 | 227,880 | 177,483 | 183,985 | 3.7\% | -14.4\% |
| Bankruptcy 30 or More Days Delinquent | 115,311 | 115,759 | 116,843 | 118,413 | 116,482 | -1.6\% | 1.0\% |
| Subtotal for Seriously Delinquent | 462,156 | 477,217 | 465,885 | 394,480 | 400,311 | 1.5\% | -13.4\% |
| Foreclosures in Process | 507,925 | 484,867 | 449,138 | 458,137 | 414,623 | -9.5\% | -18.4\% |
| Total | 19,718,562 | 19,353,303 | 18,537,888 | 18,302,843 | 17,802,899 | -2.7\% | -9.7\% |

Figure 5. Performance of GSE Mortgages


## Seriously Delinquent Mortgages, by Risk Category

The portfolio contained 247,519 fewer seriously delinquent loans at the end of the second quarter of 2012 compared with a year earlier-a 15.5 percent decrease (see table 11). Seriously delinquent loans were 4.4 percent of the portfolio at the end of the quarter, a decrease of 0.8 percent from the previous quarter and 9.2 percent from a year earlier. The percentage of seriously delinquent loans is at its lowest level in three years. The number of seriously delinquent loans decreased from both the previous quarter and year across all risk categories.

| Table 11. Seriously Delinquent Mortgages, by Risk Category (Percentage of Mortgages in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1 Y \%Change |
| Prime | 2.8\% | 2.7\% | 2.7\% | 2.5\% | 2.4\% | -1.2\% | -11.7\% |
| Alt-A | 9.2\% | 9.5\% | 9.9\% | 8.9\% | 9.0\% | 0.8\% | -3.1\% |
| Subprime | 16.8\% | 16.7\% | 17.4\% | 15.4\% | 15.4\% | -0.1\% | -8.7\% |
| Other | 5.8\% | 6.0\% | 6.4\% | 5.9\% | 5.9\% | 0.2\% | 3.1\% |
| Overall | 4.9\% | 4.9\% | 5.0\% | 4.5\% | 4.4\% | -0.8\% | -9.2\% |
| (Number of Mortgages in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | 635,065 | 625,560 | 610,063 | 548,312 | 535,413 | -2.4\% | -15.7\% |
| Alt-A | 325,472 | 331,200 | 337,061 | 298,284 | 296,029 | -0.8\% | -9.0\% |
| Subprime | 416,745 | 405,624 | 401,293 | 347,641 | 335,217 | -3.6\% | -19.6\% |
| Other | 222,461 | 223,087 | 217,213 | 193,261 | 185,565 | -4.0\% | -16.6\% |
| Total | 1,599,743 | 1,585,471 | 1,565,630 | 1,387,498 | 1,352,224 | -2.5\% | -15.5\% |

Figure 6. Seriously Delinquent Mortgages, by Risk Category
Percentage of Mortgages in Each Category


## Mortgages 30 to 59 Days Delinquent, by Risk Category

The percentage of loans that were 30 to 59 days delinquent was 2.8 percent of the portfolio at the end of the quarter, an increase of 12.1 percent from the previous quarter but a decrease of 7.5 percent from a year earlier.

| Table 12. Mortgages 30 to 59 Days Delinquent, by Risk Category <br> (Percentage of Mortgages in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1 Y <br> \%Change |
| Prime | 1.6\% | 1.6\% | 1.6\% | 1.3\% | 1.5\% | 10.3\% | -8.4\% |
| Alt-A | 6.5\% | 6.3\% | 6.6\% | 5.3\% | 6.2\% | 15.9\% | -4.5\% |
| Subprime | 9.8\% | 9.6\% | 9.9\% | 8.2\% | 9.2\% | 12.4\% | -5.3\% |
| Other | 4.3\% | 4.4\% | 4.5\% | 3.8\% | 4.3\% | 14.5\% | 1.2\% |
| Overall | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | 3.0\% | 2.5\% | 2.8\% | 12.1\% | -7.5\% |
| (Number of Mortgages in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | 362,954 | 355,421 | 348,561 | 291,413 | 317,666 | 9.0\% | -12.5\% |
| Alt-A | 227,623 | 221,933 | 223,717 | 178,864 | 204,105 | 14.1\% | -10.3\% |
| Subprime | 241,593 | 231,789 | 228,396 | 185,842 | 201,675 | 8.5\% | -16.5\% |
| Other | 164,698 | 163,584 | 152,045 | 122,903 | 134,884 | 9.7\% | -18.1\% |
| Total | 996,868 | 972,727 | 952,719 | 779,022 | 858,330 | 10.2\% | -13.9\% |

* Change reflects actual change rather than rounded amount.

Figure 7. Mortgages 30 to 59 Days Delinquent, by Risk Category


## PART II: Home Retention Actions

Home retention actions include loan modifications, in which servicers modify one or more mortgage contract terms; trial-period plans, in which the loans will be converted to modifications upon successful completion of the trial-periods; and payment plans, in which no terms are contractually modified but borrowers are given time to catch up on missed payments. All of these actions can help the borrower become current on the loan, attain payment sustainability, and retain the home.

## A. Loan Modifications, Trial-Period Plans, and Payment Plans

## New Home Retention Actions

Servicers implemented 416,036 new home retention actions-loan modifications, trial-period plans, and payment plans-during the second quarter of 2012 (see table 13). The number of home retention actions increased 17.9 percent from the previous quarter but decreased 8.8 percent from a year earlier. Servicers implemented 92,214 modifications during the quarter. The number of modifications decreased 9.7 percent from the previous quarter and 38.7 percent from a year earlier. New HAMP modifications decreased 24.3 percent to 28,279 during the quarter, and other modifications decreased 1.3 percent to 63,935 . Servicers implemented 203,972 new trial-period plans. The number of trial-period plans increased 58.1 percent from the previous quarter and 25.1 percent from a year earlier. ${ }^{3}$ New payment plans decreased by 1.6 percent during the second quarter to 119,850 . During the past five quarters, servicers initiated more than 2.1 million home retention actions- 598,526 modifications, 863,126 trialperiod plans, and 682,792 payment plans.

| Table 13. Number of New Home Retention Actions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | $1 \mathrm{Q}$ <br> \%Change | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| Other <br> Modifications | 80,397 | 83,596 | 73,875 | 64,782 | 63,935 | -1.3\% | -20.5\% |
| HAMP <br> Modifications | 70,071 | 53,941 | 42,275 | 37,375 | 28,279 | -24.3\% | -59.6\% |
| Other TrialPeriod Plans | 118,928 | 127,545 | 182,856 | 102,486 | 178,528 | 74.2\% | 50.1\% |
| HAMP TrialPeriod Plans | 44,148 | 29,338 | 27,323 | 26,530 | 25,444 | -4.1\% | -42.4\% |
| Payment Plans | 142,678 | 164,568 | 133,881 | 121,815 | 119,850 | -1.6\% | -16.0\% |
| Total | 456,222 | 458,988 | 460,210 | 352,988 | 416,036 | 17.9\% | -8.8\% |

Figure 8. Number of New Home Retention Actions


[^2]
## HAMP Modifications and Trial-Period Plans, by Investor and Risk Category

Servicers implemented 28,279 HAMP modifications during the second quarter of 2012-down 24.3 percent from the previous quarter (see table 13). Of HAMP modifications completed during the quarter, 47.9 percent went to mortgages serviced for the GSEs. Prime mortgages, which represented 71.7 percent of the total portfolio, received 53.3 percent of all HAMP modifications, while subprime loans, which represented 7.2 percent of the total portfolio, received 18.8 percent of HAMP modifications during the quarter.

| Table 14. HAMP Modifications, by Investor and Risk Category <br> (Modifications Implemented in the Second Quarter of 2012) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fannie Mae | Freddie Mac | Government- <br> Guaranteed | Portfolio | Private | Total |
| Prime | 3,901 | 4,372 | 163 | 2,712 | 3,929 | 15,077 |
| Alt-A | 1,047 | 1,162 | 200 | 1,184 | 1,629 | 5,222 |
| Subprime | 675 | 605 | 168 | 1,379 | 2,483 | 5,310 |
| Other | 1,160 | 637 | 100 | 204 | 569 | 2,670 |
| Total | 6,783 | 6,776 | 631 | 5,479 | 8,610 | 28,279 |

Servicers implemented 25,444 new HAMP trial-period plans during the quarter, a decrease of 4.1 percent from the 26,530 HAMP trial-period plans initiated in the previous quarter (see table 13). GSE mortgages received 46.8 percent of HAMP trial-period plans initiated during the quarter. Prime mortgages received 51.7 percent of the HAMP trial-period plans implemented during the quarter, while Alt-A and subprime mortgages collectively received 38.9 percent.

| Table 15. HAMP Trial-Period Plans, by Investor and Risk Category (Trial-Period Plans Implemented in the Second Quarter of 2012) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fannie Mae | Freddie Mac | GovernmentGuaranteed | Portfolio | Private | Total |
| Prime | 3,559 | 3,613 | 570 | 2,272 | 3,145 | 13,159 |
| Alt-A | 961 | 980 | 532 | 1,027 | 1,306 | 4,806 |
| Subprime | 593 | 535 | 435 | 1,135 | 2,381 | 5,079 |
| Other | 1,186 | 480 | 245 | 154 | 335 | 2,400 |
| Total | 6,299 | 5,608 | 1,782 | 4,588 | 7,167 | 25,444 |

## New Home Retention Actions Relative to Newly Initiated Foreclosures

Servicers continued to implement more new home retention actions than new foreclosures. The ratio of newly initiated home retention actions to newly initiated foreclosure actions increased from the previous quarter but decreased from a year earlier. New home retention actions and new foreclosure actions both increased from the previous quarter. While both increased, the increase in new home retention actions was larger than the increase in newly initiated foreclosures (see table 16).

| Table 16. Percentage of New Home Retention Actions Relative to Newly Initiated Foreclosures, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| by Risk Category |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Figure 9. New Home Retention Actions Relative to Newly Initiated Foreclosures, by Risk Category


## Types of Modification Actions

The types of modification actions or combinations of actions have different effects on the borrowers' mortgages and their monthly principal and interest payments. Different actions may, over time, have different effects on the long-term sustainability of mortgages. Servicers often use a combination of actions when modifying mortgages, with 90.3 percent of modifications implemented during the second quarter of 2012 changing more than one of the original loan terms (see table 49 in appendix D). Capitalization, interest rate reduction, and term extension remain the primary actions taken with loan modifications, but the use of principal deferral or reduction in modifications has increased over the last five quarters.

Servicers capitalized missed fees and payments in 83.6 percent of modifications completed during the quarter, reduced interest rates in 82.5 percent, and extended loan maturity in 64.8 percent (see table 17). Servicers deferred repayment of some portion of the principal balance in 20.7 percent of modifications made during the quarter, down from 24.6 percent the previous quarter, but up from 18.6 percent a year earlier. The percentage of modifications that included principal reduction increased to 11.4 percent in the second quarter of 2012, up from 6.3 percent a year earlier. Because most modifications changed more than one term, the sum of the individual actions exceeded 100 percent of total modifications. Appendix D presents additional detail on combination modifications.

|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q <br> \%Change | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capitalization | 90.8\% | 88.5\% | 93.3\% | 91.6\% | 83.6\% | -8.7\% | -7.9\% |
| Rate Reduction | 79.5\% | 77.5\% | 78.2\% | 80.6\% | 82.5\% | 2.3\% | 3.8\% |
| Rate Freeze | 2.1\% | 4.6\% | 6.4\% | 6.2\% | 6.5\% | 5.4\% | 207.1\% |
| Term Extension** | 61.1\% | 57.8\% | 55.5\% | 73.7\% | 64.8\% | -12.0\% | 6.0\% |
| Principal Reduction | 6.3\% | 8.1\% | 8.5\% | 10.2\% | 11.4\% | 12.2\% | 82.0\% |
| Principal Deferral | 18.6\% | 20.5\% | 24.5\% | 24.6\% | 20.7\% | -15.9\% | 11.3\% |
| Not Reported* | 1.7\% | 1.0\% | 1.5\% | 1.2\% | 0.8\% | -32.8\% | -54.2\% |
| (Number of Changes in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capitalization | 136,610 | 121,662 | 108,365 | 93,573 | 77,115 | -17.6\% | -43.6\% |
| Rate Reduction | 119,568 | 106,650 | 90,776 | 82,382 | 76,093 | -7.6\% | -36.4\% |
| Rate Freeze | 3,209 | 6,328 | 7,419 | 6,345 | 6,039 | -4.8\% | 88.2\% |
| Term Extension** | 91,945 | 79,535 | 64,491 | 75,256 | 59,755 | -20.6\% | -35.0\% |
| Principal Reduction | 9,445 | 11,178 | 9,866 | 10,404 | 10,536 | 1.3\% | 11.6\% |
| Principal Deferral | 27,989 | 28,133 | 28,496 | 25,154 | 19,085 | -24.1\% | -31.8\% |
| Not Reported* | 2,574 | 1,327 | 1,750 | 1,190 | 722 | -39.3\% | -72.0\% |

*Processing constraints at some servicers prevented them from reporting specific modified term(s).

## Types of HAMP Modification Actions

HAMP modifications follow a prescribed series of actions to attain a targeted monthly mortgage payment. Consistent with modification actions overall and the prescribed order of actions required by HAMP, HAMP modifications most often included capitalization of missed payments and fees, interest-rate reductions, and term extensions. Servicers used principal deferral, another prescribed action in HAMP, in 30.4 percent of HAMP modifications during the second quarter of 2012, down from 32.9 percent in the previous quarter. Principal reduction was used in 21.1 percent of HAMP modifications implemented during the quarter-up from 20.9 percent in the previous quarter and 6.6 percent a year earlier (see table 18).

Table 18. Changes in Loan Terms for HAMP Modifications During the Second Quarter of 2012

| (Percentage of Total Modifications in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/2011 | 9/30/2011 | 12/31/2011 | 3/31/2012 | 6/30/2012 | 1Q \%Change | 1Y \%Change |
| Capitalization | 97.8\% | 93.7\% | 97.3\% | 97.0\% | 98.4\% | 1.5\% | 0.6\% |
| Rate Reduction | 84.3\% | 86.8\% | 88.5\% | 90.0\% | 87.5\% | -2.8\% | 3.8\% |
| Rate Freeze | 0.2\% | 2.2\% | 3.3\% | 4.0\% | 3.0\% | -25.5\% | 1372.6\% |
| Term Extension** | 53.7\% | 48.4\% | 49.9\% | 72.9\% | 58.1\% | -20.3\% | 8.2\% |
| Principal Reduction | 6.6\% | 11.1\% | 15.6\% | 20.9\% | 21.1\% | 1.0\% | 217.9\% |
| Principal Deferral | 33.0\% | 34.9\% | 38.5\% | 32.9\% | 30.4\% | -7.4\% | -7.7\% |
| Not Reported* | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 37.5\% | -2.4\% |
| (Number of Changes in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capitalization | 68,521 | 50,522 | 41,143 | 36,250 | 27,829 | -23.2\% | -59.4\% |
| Rate Reduction | 59,060 | 46,813 | 37,418 | 33,626 | 24,742 | -26.4\% | -58.1\% |
| Rate Freeze | 141 | 1,186 | 1,388 | 1,487 | 838 | -43.6\% | 494.3\% |
| Term Extension** | 37,642 | 26,123 | 21,084 | 27,263 | 16,438 | -39.7\% | -56.3\% |
| Principal Reduction | 4,653 | 5,978 | 6,596 | 7,811 | 5,969 | -23.6\% | 28.3\% |
| Principal Deferral | 23,097 | 18,827 | 16,295 | 12,281 | 8,606 | -29.9\% | -62.7\% |
| Not Reported* | 66 | 103 | 37 | 25 | 26 | 4.0\% | -60.6\% |

*Processing constraints at some servicers prevented them from reporting specific modified term(s).

## Types of Modification Actions, by Risk Category

Servicers use a combination of actions when modifying mortgages, and no single action can be identified as the primary component of a successful modification. Modifications across all risk categories predominantly featured interest-rate reduction and term extension in addition to the capitalization of past-due interest and fees. Because most modifications changed more than one term, the sum of individual features changed exceeded the total number of modified loans in each risk category. While most actions were used relatively consistently across all risk categories, principal deferral was used most extensively in prime loans, and principal reduction was used at a higher rate in Alt-A and subprime loans (see table 19).

| Table 19. Changes in Loan Terms for Modifications, by Risk Category, in Second Quarter 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Percentage of Total Modifications in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |

*Processing constraints at some servicers prevented them from reporting specific modified term(s).

## Types of Modification Actions, by Investor and Product Type

Modifications of mortgages serviced for the GSEs accounted for 32.9 percent of all modifications made during the second quarter of 2012. Government-guaranteed loans received 18.1 percent of all modifications, mortgages serviced for private investors received 23.9 percent, and mortgages held in the servicers' own portfolios received 25.1 percent of all second-quarter modifications (see table 20). Interest-rate reduction and capitalization of missed payments and fees remained the primary types of modification actions for all investors, as well as term extension for all except private investors. Principal reduction was used almost exclusively in modifications of loans held in portfolio or serviced for private investors. Because modifications often change more than one loan term, the sum of the actions exceeded the number of modified loans for each investor.

Table 20. Type of Modification Action, by Investor and Product Type, in Second Quarter 2012

|  | Fannie Mae | Freddie Mac | GovernmentGuaranteed | Private Investor | Portfolio | Overall |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capitalization | 97.3\% | 98.9\% | 96.4\% | 86.1\% | 53.3\% | 83.6\% |
| Rate Reduction | 76.8\% | 92.2\% | 96.3\% | 74.6\% | 80.4\% | 82.5\% |
| Rate Freeze | 6.5\% | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | 8.9\% | 11.5\% | 6.5\% |
| Term Extension | 82.8\% | 84.1\% | 97.4\% | 29.1\% | 51.0\% | 64.8\% |
| Principal Reduction | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.5\% | 17.6\% | 28.4\% | 11.4\% |
| Principal Deferral | 30.3\% | 35.9\% | 0.3\% | 30.6\% | 10.8\% | 20.7\% |
| Not Reported* | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% | 1.3\% | 1.2\% | 0.8\% |
| (Number of Changes in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Mortgages Modified | 19,616 | 10,754 | 16,695 | 22,041 | 23,108 | 92,214 |
| Capitalization | 19,089 | 10,641 | 16,100 | 18,969 | 12,316 | 77,115 |
| Rate Reduction | 15,069 | 9,910 | 16,077 | 16,448 | 18,589 | 76,093 |
| Rate Freeze | 1,272 | 66 | 75 | 1,958 | 2,668 | 6,039 |
| Term Extension | 16,248 | 9,047 | 16,269 | 6,411 | 11,780 | 59,755 |
| Principal Reduction** | 9 | 1 | 85 | 3874 | 6567 | 10,536 |
| Principal Deferral | 5940 | 3862 | 49 | 6738 | 2496 | 19,085 |
| Not Reported | 116 | 42 | 14 | 284 | 266 | 722 |

*Processing constraints at some servicers prevented them from reporting specific modified term(s).
**Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac do not offer modifications that include principal reduction. The principal reduction actions reflected in this table represent coding errors to be corrected in subsequent reporting periods.

## Types of HAMP Modification Actions, by Investor and Product Type

Of the 28,279 HAMP modifications implemented in the second quarter of 2012, 47.9 percent were on GSE mortgages, 30.4 percent were on mortgages serviced for private investors, 19.4 percent were on mortgages held in servicers' portfolios, and 2.2 percent were on government-guaranteed loans (see table 21). Consistent with total modification actions, the prevailing actions among HAMP modifications were capitalization of past-due interest and fees, interest-rate reduction, and term extension. Principal deferral was used in a significant number of HAMP modifications for all investors other than government-guaranteed loans. HAMP modifications with principal reduction were concentrated in loans held in portfolio and serviced for private investors.

*Processing constraints at some servicers prevented them from reporting specific modified term(s).
**Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac do not offer modifications that include principal reduction. The principal reduction actions reflected in this table represent coding errors to be corrected in subsequent reporting periods.

## Changes in Monthly Payments Resulting From Modification

The previous sections of this report describe the types of modification actions across risk categories, investors, and product types. This section describes the effect of those changes on borrowers' monthly principal and interest payments.

Modifications that decrease payments occur when servicers elect to lower interest rates, extend the amortization period, or defer or forgive principal. The reduced payments can make mortgages more affordable to borrowers and more sustainable over time. However, the lower payments also result in less monthly cash flow and interest income to mortgage investors.

Mortgage modifications may increase monthly payments when borrowers and servicers agree to add past-due interest, advances for taxes or insurance and other fees to the loan balances and reamortize the new balances over the remaining life of the mortgages. The interest rate or maturity of the loans may be changed on these modifications but not enough to offset the increase in payments caused by the additional capitalized principal. Modifications may also result in increased monthly payments when interest rates or principal payments on adjustable rate mortgages and payment-option ARMs are reset higher but by less than the amount indicated in the original mortgage contracts.

Modifications that increase payments may be appropriate when borrowers resolve temporary problems with cash flow, or otherwise have reasonable prospects of making higher payments to repay the debt over time. However, during periods of prolonged economic stress, this strategy carries additional risk, underscoring the importance of verifying borrowers' income and debtpayment ability so that borrowers and servicers have confidence that the modifications will be sustainable.

Servicers also modify some mortgage contracts by simply leaving principal and interest payments unchanged. This occurs, for example, when servicers "freeze" current interest rates and payments instead of allowing them to increase to levels required by the original mortgage contracts.

## Changes in Monthly Payments Resulting From Modifications, by Quarter

More than 90 percent of modifications made in the quarter reduced monthly principal and interest payments (see table 22), and almost 55 percent of the modifications reduced payments by 20 percent or more. More than 22 percent reduced payments between 10 percent and 20 percent, and another 13.6 percent reduced payments by less than 10 percent.

| Table 22. Changes in Monthly Principal and Interest Payments Resulting From Modifications |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Percentage of Modifications in Each Category) |

*No payment change information was reported on 706 modifications in the second quarter of 2011, 623 in the third quarter of 2011, 1,148 in the fourth quarter of 2011, 472 in the first quarter of 2012 and 449 in the second quarter of 2012.

Figure 10. Changes in Monthly Principal and Interest Payments


## Changes in Monthly Payments Resulting From HAMP Modifications, by Quarter

Of HAMP modifications completed during the second quarter of 2012, 98.0 percent reduced borrower monthly payments, with 76.2 percent reducing payments by 20 percent or more (see table 23). In addition to achieving lower payments, HAMP attempts to increase payment sustainability by targeting monthly housing payments at 31 percent of borrowers' income. Performance data on all modifications showed that reduced monthly payments result in lower redefault rates over time and that the greater the decrease in payment, the lower the rate of redefault.

|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1Q } \\ \text { \%Change } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 Y \\ \text { \%Change } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decreased by $20 \%$ or More | 77.1\% | 75.8\% | 77.5\% | 76.1\% | 76.2\% | 0.2\% | -1.1\% |
| Decreased by 10\% to Less Than 20\% | 13.1\% | 13.6\% | 12.5\% | 12.4\% | 13.1\% | 5.2\% | -0.3\% |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | 8.6\% | 9.2\% | 8.6\% | 9.0\% | 8.7\% | -2.6\% | 1.2\% |
| Subtotal for Decreased | 98.8\% | 98.6\% | 98.6\% | 97.5\% | 98.0\% | 0.6\% | -0.8\% |
| Unchanged | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.4\% | 0.2\% | -37.4\% | 19.3\% |
| Increased | 1.0\% | 1.2\% | 1.3\% | 2.2\% | 1.7\% | -19.6\% | 78.5\% |
| Subtotal for Unchanged and Increased | 1.2\% | 1.4\% | 1.4\% | 2.5\% | 2.0\% | -22.1\% | 69.1\% |
| Total | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |  |  |
| (Number of HAMP Modifications in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decreased by $20 \%$ or More | 53,941 | 40,756 | 32,719 | 28,354 | 21,479 | -24.2\% | -60.2\% |
| Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than $20 \%$ | 9,178 | 7,299 | 5,266 | 4,636 | 3,686 | -20.5\% | -59.8\% |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | 6,024 | 4,957 | 3,632 | 3,337 | 2,456 | -26.4\% | -59.2\% |
| Subtotal for Decreased | 69,143 | 53,012 | 41,617 | 36,327 | 27,621 | -24.0\% | -60.1\% |
| Unchanged | 129 | 101 | 63 | 131 | 62 | -52.7\% | -51.9\% |
| Increased | 683 | 650 | 545 | 808 | 491 | -39.2\% | -28.1\% |
| Subtotal for Unchanged and Increased | 812 | 751 | 608 | 939 | 553 | -41.1\% | -31.9\% |
| Total | 69,955 | 53,763 | 42,225 | 37,266 | 28,174 | -24.4\% | -59.7\% |

*No payment change information was reported on 116 modifications in the second quarter of 2011, 178 in the third quarter of 2011, 50 in the fourth quarter of 2011, 109 in the first quarter of 2012 and 105 in the first quarter of 2012.
**Some HAMP modifications, like other modifications, may increase the borrowers' monthly principal and interest payments when loans with a previous interest-only or partial payment are modified to amortize the loans over their remaining terms, or when adjustable rate mortgages are reset to higher rates and payments but at lower rates than otherwise contractually required. While the principal and interest portion of the payment might increase, the total payment will reflect a housing expense ratio of 31 percent as specified by HAMP.

## Average Change in Monthly Payments Resulting From Modifications, by Quarter

Modifications made during the second quarter of 2012 reduced monthly principal and interest payments by 24.6 percent on average, or $\$ 381$ (see table 24). HAMP modifications made during the quarter reduced payments by 35.3 percent on average, or $\$ 576$. Other modifications completed during the quarter reduced payments by $\$ 295$ on average, a 19.9 percent average reduction.

| All Modifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q <br> \%Change | 1 Y <br> \%Change |
| Decreased by $20 \%$ or More | (667) | (646) | (671) | (655) | (618) | -5.7\% | -7.3\% |
| Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than 20\% | (187) | (192) | (192) | (191) | (199) | 4.3\% | 6.3\% |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | (60) | (64) | (66) | (63) | (70) | 10.5\% | 15.4\% |
| Unchanged | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Increased** | 106 | 128 | 145 | 162 | 155 | -4.5\% | 45.9\% |
| Overall (in dollars) | (393) | (382) | (430) | (437) | (381) | -12.8\% | -3.0\% |
| Percentage Change | -25.1\% | -24.4\% | -26.5\% | -27.4\% | -24.6\% |  |  |
| Other Modifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decreased by $20 \%$ or More | (591) | (576) | (623) | (590) | (546) | -7.5\% | -7.7\% |
| Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than 20\% | (170) | (181) | (182) | (181) | (196) | 8.2\% | 15.3\% |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | (55) | (61) | (63) | (59) | (68) | 15.9\% | 23.2\% |
| Unchanged | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Increased** | 103 | 126 | 143 | 158 | 151 | -4.4\% | 46.3\% |
| Overall (in dollars) | (232) | (262) | (335) | (349) | (295) | -15.4\% | 27.4\% |
| Percentage Change | -15.6\% | -17.5\% | -21.1\% | -22.7\% | -19.9\% |  |  |
| HAMP Modifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decreased by 20\% or More | (704) | (702) | (725) | (736) | (714) | -3.0\% | 1.4\% |
| Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than 20\% | (219) | (219) | (219) | (216) | (215) | -0.6\% | -1.9\% |
| Decreased by Less <br> Than 10\% | (79) | (77) | (79) | (76) | (76) | 0.9\% | -3.0\% |
| Unchanged | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Increased** | 158 | 158 | 174 | 198 | 196 | -0.9\% |  |
| Overall (in dollars) | (577) | (567) | (593) | (590) | (576) | -2.3\% | -0.2\% |
| Percentage Change | -35.9\% | -35.1\% | -36.0\% | -35.4\% | -35.3\% |  |  |

*Parentheses indicate that, on average, borrowers' monthly payments decreased by the amount enclosed within the parentheses.
**Some modifications may increase the borrowers' monthly principal and interest payments when past-due interest, advances for taxes or insurance and other fees are added to loan balances. The monthly payments may also increase when loans with a previous interest-only or partial payment are modified to amortize the loans over their remaining terms.

## B. Modified Loan Performance

## Re-Default Rates of Modified Loans: 60 or More Days Delinquent

Modification performance may vary because of many factors, including the types of modification actions, the average amount of change in the borrower's monthly payment, the characteristics and geographic location of the modified loans, and the addition or deletion of modification programs among the reporting institutions. Despite differences in many of these factors, mortgages modified in each of the last five quarters have performed similarly over time with more recent modifications performing somewhat better than earlier modifications. Among modifications completed in each of the last five quarters, about 8 to 9 percent of loans were 60 or more days delinquent three months after modification, about 14 to 17 percent were 60 or more days delinquent six months after modification and about 23 to 25 percent were 60 or more days delinquent twelve months after modification (see table 25).

| Table 25. Modified Loans 60 or More Days Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modification Date* | 3 Months After <br> Modification | 6 Months After <br> Modification | 9 Months After <br> Modification | 12 Months After <br> Modification |  |
| First Quarter 2011 | $9.0 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $22.8 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ |  |
| Second Quarter 2011 | $7.8 \%$ | $16.2 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $22.9 \%$ |  |
| Third Quarter 2011 | $8.0 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ | $17.9 \%$ | -- |  |
| Fourth Quarter 2011 | $8.1 \%$ | $13.5 \%$ | -- | -- |  |
| First Quarter 2012 | $7.7 \%$ | -- | -- | - |  |

*All re-default data are based on modified loans that remain in effect at the specified amount of time after the modification. All loans that have been repaid in full, been refinanced, been sold, or completed the foreclosure process are removed from the calculation. Data include only modifications that have had time to age the indicated number of months.

Figure 11. Modified Loans 60 or More Days Delinquent

*The first quarter 2012 data is a single point (7.7 percent), and is obscured by the beginning of the trend lines for the second, third and fourth quarters of 2011.

## Re-Default Rates of Modified Loans: 30 or More Days Delinquent

Re-default rates measured at 30 or more days delinquent provide an early indicator of mortgages that may need additional attention to prevent more serious delinquency or foreclosure. For modifications completed in each of the last five quarters, about 17 to 19 percent were 30 or more days delinquent three months after modification. Among modifications outstanding at least one year, about 33 to 35 percent were 30 or more days delinquent twelve months after modification (see table 26).

| Table 26. Modified Loans 30 or More Days Delinquent |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modification Date | 3 Months After <br> Modification | 6 Months After <br> Modification | 9 Months After <br> Modification | 12 Months After <br> Modification |  |
| First Quarter 2011 | $18.7 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $34.0 \%$ | $34.5 \%$ |  |
| Second Quarter 2011 | $18.1 \%$ | $27.2 \%$ | $30.2 \%$ | $32.9 \%$ |  |
| Third Quarter 2011 | $18.2 \%$ | $24.3 \%$ | $28.1 \%$ | -- |  |
| Fourth Quarter 2011 | $17.2 \%$ | $23.7 \%$ | -- | - |  |
| First Quarter 2012 | $16.8 \%$ | -- | -- | - |  |

*Data include only modifications that have had time to age the indicated number of months.
Figure 12. Modified Loans 30 or More Days Delinquent

*The first quarter 2012 data is a single point (16.8 percent), and is obscured by the beginning of the trend line for the fourth quarter of 2011.

## Re-Default Rates of Modified Loans: 90 or More Days Delinquent

Among modifications completed during the last five quarters, about 18 to 20 percent were 90 or more days delinquent twelve months after modification (see table 27).

| Table 27. Modified Loans 90 or More Days Delinquent* |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Modification Date | 3 Months After <br> Modification | 6 Months After <br> Modification | 9 Months After <br> Modification | 12 Months After <br> Modification |  |
| First Quarter 2011 | $5.1 \%$ | $11.4 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ | $20.0 \%$ |  |
| Second Quarter 2011 | $3.5 \%$ | $10.5 \%$ | $15.2 \%$ | $17.9 \%$ |  |
| Third Quarter 2011 | $3.6 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ | -- |  |
| Fourth Quarter 2011 | $4.2 \%$ | $8.8 \%$ | -- | - |  |
| First Quarter 2012 | $4.0 \%$ | -- | -- | - |  |

*Data include only modifications that have had time to age the indicated number of months.
Figure 13. Modified Loans 90 or More Days Delinquent

*The first quarter 2012 data is a single point ( 4.0 percent), and is obscured by the beginning of the trend line for the fourth quarter of 2011.

## Re-Default Rate, by Investor (60 or More Days Delinquent)

Modifications on mortgages held in the servicers' own portfolios or serviced for the GSEsFannie Mae and Freddie Mac-performed better than modifications on mortgages serviced for other investors. These lower re-default rates for portfolio and GSE mortgages may reflect differences in loan risk characteristics, modification programs, and, for portfolio mortgages, additional flexibility to modify terms for greater sustainability. Re-default rates for governmentguaranteed mortgages and loans serviced for private investors were highest over time, reflecting the higher risk characteristics associated with those mortgages. For all investors, re-default rates have decreased over time as more recent modifications have focused more on reducing monthly payments and increasing borrowers' ability to sustain the reduced payments over time.

| Table 28. Re-Default Rates for Portfolio Loans and Loans Serviced for Others Modified in 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (60 or More Days Delinquent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 29. Re-Default Rates for Portfolio Loans and Loans Serviced for Others Modified in 2009

|  | (60 or More Days Delinquent) |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investor Loan Type | 3 Months After <br> Modification | 6 Months after <br> Modification | 9 Months after <br> Modification | 12 Months After <br> Modification |
| Fannie Mae | $18.0 \%$ | $31.4 \%$ | $37.9 \%$ | $41.2 \%$ |
| Freddie Mac | $29.2 \%$ | $37.1 \%$ | $42.0 \%$ | $44.5 \%$ |
| Government-Guaranteed | $23.5 \%$ | $42.2 \%$ | $51.7 \%$ | $55.5 \%$ |
| Private | $28.2 \%$ | $40.8 \%$ | $48.8 \%$ | $52.5 \%$ |
| Portfolio Loans | $7.2 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | $21.0 \%$ | $24.6 \%$ |
| Overall | $20.1 \%$ | $32.3 \%$ | $39.5 \%$ | $43.1 \%$ |

Table 30. Re-Default Rates for Portfolio Loans and Loans Serviced for Others Modified in 2010 (60 or More Days Delinquent)*

| Investor Loan Type | 3 Months After <br> Modification | 6 Months After <br> Modification | 9 Months After <br> Modification | 12 Months After <br> Modification |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fannie Mae | $9.7 \%$ | $14.4 \%$ | $18.2 \%$ | $20.7 \%$ |
| Freddie Mac | $7.4 \%$ | $12.3 \%$ | $15.6 \%$ | $17.9 \%$ |
| Government-Guaranteed | $12.4 \%$ | $27.3 \%$ | $36.0 \%$ | $40.6 \%$ |
| Private | $12.2 \%$ | $19.9 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $28.3 \%$ |
| Portfolio Loans | $6.6 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | $18.0 \%$ |
| Overall | $10.0 \%$ | $17.4 \%$ | $22.4 \%$ | $25.4 \%$ |


| Table 31. Re-Default Rates for Portfolio Loans and Loans Serviced for Others Modified in 2011 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (60 or More Days Delinquent) |


| Table 32. Re-Default Rates for Portfolio Loans and Loans Serviced for Others Modified in 2012 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(60$ or More Days Delinquent)* |

*Data include all modifications implemented during 2012 that have aged the indicated number of months.

## Performance of HAMP Modifications Compared With Other Modifications

HAMP modifications have performed better than other modifications implemented during the same periods. These lower post-modification delinquency rates reflect HAMP's emphasis on the affordability of monthly payments relative to the borrower's income, verification of income, and completion of a successful trial-payment period (see table 33). While these criteria result in better performance of HAMP modifications over time, the greater flexibility in making other modifications results in a greater number of modifications for those borrowers who do not qualify for HAMP modifications.

|  | Number of Modifications | 3 Months After Modification | 6 Months After Modification | 9 Months After Modification | 12 Months After Modification |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HAMP Second Quarter 2010 | 108,155 | 8.3\% | 13.3\% | 15.9\% | 17.3\% |
| Other Second Quarter 2010 | 158,899 | 12.3\% | 24.0\% | 29.2\% | 31.4\% |
| HAMP Third Quarter 2010 | 58,856 | 7.5\% | 11.5\% | 13.5\% | 16.5\% |
| Other Third Quarter 2010 | 174,858 | 9.7\% | 17.1\% | 21.1\% | 25.4\% |
| HAMP Fourth Quarter 2010 | 56,340 | 9.0\% | 11.2\% | 14.7\% | 17.7\% |
| Other Fourth Quarter 2010 | 152,514 | 8.3\% | 15.5\% | 22.7\% | 28.0\% |
| HAMP First Quarter 2011 | 53,250 | 5.8\% | 9.9\% | 13.4\% | 14.9\% |
| Other First Quarter 2011 | 106,660 | 10.7\% | 20.7\% | 27.6\% | 30.3\% |
| HAMP Second Quarter 2011 | 70,071 | 5.4\% | 9.5\% | 12.1\% | 13.8\% |
| Other Second Quarter 2011 | 80,397 | 10.0\% | 22.1\% | 27.7\% | 30.9\% |
| HAMP Third Quarter 2011 | 53,941 | 5.5\% | 9.1\% | 11.5\% | -- |
| Other Third Quarter 2011 | 83,596 | 9.6\% | 17.4\% | 22.1\% | -- |
| HAMP Fourth Quarter 2011 | 42,275 | 4.6\% | 7.6\% | -- | -- |
| Other Fourth Quarter 2011 | 73,875 | 10.1\% | 17.0\% | -- | -- |
| HAMP First Quarter 2012 | 37,375 | 4.9\% | -- | -- | -- |
| Other First Quarter 2012 | 64,782 | 9.3\% | -- | -- | -- |

*Data include all modifications that have had time to age the indicated number of months.

## C. Modified Loan Performance, by Change in Monthly Payments

Modifications that reduce borrowers' monthly payments consistently show re-default rates lower than other modifications - the larger the reduction in monthly payment, the lower the subsequent re-default rates. Lower re-default rates may also result from setting monthly payments relative to the borrower's income and ability to repay, as well as verification of income and completion of a successful trial period.

For servicers and investors, determining the optimal type of modification often requires weighing the reduction in cash flow from loan terms that reduce monthly principal and interest payments, along with the possible costs of delaying foreclosure, against the potential for longerterm sustainability of the payments and ultimate repayment of the mortgage.

## Re-Default Rates of Loans by Change in Payment

Tables 34 through 38 present re-default rates, measured as 60 or more days delinquent, for modifications made since January 1, 2008. Data show that re-default rates decrease as reductions in monthly principal and interest payments increase. Modification performance has continued to improve over time as more recent modifications, those made in 2010 and 2011, focused more on substantively reducing monthly payments and setting payments relative to the borrower's income and ability to pay.

Modifications that resulted in no change to the borrower's monthly payment have performed better than many modifications that reduced payments. These modifications generally freeze the interest rate on an adjustable rate mortgage so that the rate and payment do not increase, and tend to be offered to borrowers who were not in default on their payments.

| Table 34. Re-Default Rates of Loans Modified in 2008 by Change in Payment |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (60 or More Days Delinquent) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 Months After <br> Modification | 6 Months After <br> Modification | 9 Months After <br> Modification | 12 Months After <br> Modification |  |
| Decreased by 20\% or More | $15.8 \%$ | $25.9 \%$ | $33.2 \%$ | $39.4 \%$ |  |
| Decreased by 10\% to Less Than 20\% | $20.8 \%$ | $32.9 \%$ | $41.3 \%$ | $47.9 \%$ |  |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | $23.8 \%$ | $40.1 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ | $55.1 \%$ |  |
| Unchanged | $47.8 \%$ | $54.4 \%$ | $59.6 \%$ | $63.0 \%$ |  |
| Increased | $34.6 \%$ | $53.1 \%$ | $61.9 \%$ | $66.9 \%$ |  |
| Total | $32.1 \%$ | $44.5 \%$ | $52.0 \%$ | $57.0 \%$ |  |


| Table 35. Re-Default Rates of Loans Modified in 2009 by Change in Payment |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (60 or More Days Delinquent) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 Months After <br> Modification | 6 Months After <br> Modification | 9 Months After <br> Modification | 12 Months After <br> Modification |  |
| Decreased by 20\% or More | $11.4 \%$ | $19.3 \%$ | $25.3 \%$ | $28.7 \%$ |  |
| Decreased by 10\% to Less Than 20\% | $15.9 \%$ | $29.2 \%$ | $37.3 \%$ | $41.7 \%$ |  |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | $17.8 \%$ | $33.9 \%$ | $42.6 \%$ | $46.7 \%$ |  |
| Unchanged | $41.8 \%$ | $49.6 \%$ | $54.6 \%$ | $57.0 \%$ |  |
| Increased | $26.7 \%$ | $46.6 \%$ | $56.0 \%$ | $59.8 \%$ |  |
| Total | $20.0 \%$ | $32.2 \%$ | $39.5 \%$ | $43.1 \%$ |  |


|  | 3 Months After Modification | 6 Months After Modification | 9 Months After Modification | 12 Months after Modification |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Decreased by 20\% or More | 7.3\% | 11.5\% | 15.0\% | 17.5\% |
| Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than $20 \%$ | 10.0\% | 19.8\% | 26.3\% | 30.2\% |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | 13.5\% | 26.2\% | 33.5\% | 37.5\% |
| Unchanged | 17.6\% | 20.9\% | 23.8\% | 25.2\% |
| Increased | 18.2\% | 32.9\% | 40.4\% | 44.2\% |
| Total | 10.0\% | 17.4\% | 22.4\% | 25.4\% |


| Table 37. Re-Default Rates of Loans Modified in 2011 by Change in Payment (60 or More Days Delinquent) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3 Months After Modification | 6 Months After Modification | 9 Months After Modification | 12 Months after Modification |
| Decreased by 20\% or More | 5.6\% | 9.6\% | 12.9\% | 15.1\% |
| Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than $20 \%$ | 8.2\% | 16.9\% | 23.2\% | 27.9\% |
| Decreased by Less Than 10\% | 11.0\% | 22.7\% | 29.8\% | 33.7\% |
| Unchanged | 10.0\% | 13.6\% | 14.7\% | 17.5\% |
| Increased | 18.6\% | 33.0\% | 41.5\% | 46.5\% |
| Total | 8.3\% | 15.4\% | 20.5\% | 24.0\% |


| Table 38. Re-Default Rates of Loans Modified in 2012 by Change in Payment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (60 or More Days Delinquent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Data include all modifications implemented during 2012 that have aged the indicated number of months.

## 60+ Delinquency at Six Months After Modification by Change in Monthly Payment

Modifications that significantly reduced monthly principal and interest payments consistently performed better than other modifications. Modifications with the greatest decrease in monthly payments consistently had the lowest re-default rates (see table 39). Modifications that result in no change to the borrowers' monthly payments generally have performed better than many modifications that reduced payments because these modifications tend to be offered to borrowers with adjustable rate mortgages who had not defaulted on their payments.

| Table 39. 60+ Delinquency at Six Months After Modification by Change in Monthly Payment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decreased <br> by 20\% or <br> More | Decreased <br> by 10\% to <br> Less Than <br> $20 \%$ | Decreased <br> by Less <br> Than 10\% | Unchanged | Increased | Overall |  |
| Fourth Quarter 2010 | $9.9 \%$ | $16.2 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ | $18.5 \%$ | $25.7 \%$ | $14.3 \%$ |  |
| First Quarter 2011 | $11.1 \%$ | $18.3 \%$ | $21.5 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ | $35.4 \%$ | $17.0 \%$ |  |
| Second Quarter 2011 | $9.8 \%$ | $18.3 \%$ | $24.8 \%$ | $13.8 \%$ | $34.3 \%$ | $16.2 \%$ |  |
| Third Quarter 2011 | $8.9 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ | $30.5 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |  |
| Fourth Quarter 2011 | $8.6 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ | $26.6 \%$ | $30.0 \%$ | $13.5 \%$ |  |
| Overall | $9.7 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $22.6 \%$ | $15.0 \%$ | $31.2 \%$ | $15.1 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Figure 14. 60+ Delinquency at Six Months After Modification by Change in Monthly Payment


## Status of Mortgages Modified in 2008-2012

Servicers implemented 2,645,290 modifications from January 1, 2008 through March 31, 2012. Of these modifications, 47.0 percent were current and performing at the end of the second quarter of 2012 with another 1.6 percent paid off. Almost 23 percent of these modifications were delinquent, while 17.0 percent were in process of foreclosure or had completed the foreclosure process. HAMP modifications implemented since the third quarter of 2009 have performed better than other modifications. Modifications that reduced borrowers' monthly payments by 10 percent or more performed significantly better than other modifications. Of the $1,591,822$ modifications that reduced payments by 10 percent or more, 55.4 percent were current and performing at the end of the quarter, compared with 34.3 percent of modifications that reduced payments less than 10 percent (see table 40). Modifications of mortgages held in the servicers' portfolios and those serviced for GSEs performed better than modifications of mortgages serviced for other investors (see tables 28 through 32).

| Table 40. Status of Mortgages Modified in 2008-2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Current | $\begin{gathered} \text { 30-59 } \\ \text { Days } \\ \text { Delinquent } \end{gathered}$ | Seriously Delinquent | Foreclosures in Process | Completed Foreclosures | Paid Off | No Longer in the Portfolio* |
| 2008 | 445,354 | 24.0\% | 5.4\% | 15.0\% | 15.2\% | 14.8\% | 3.5\% | 22.1\% |
| 2009 | 594,350 | 36.3\% | 7.0\% | 16.9\% | 13.5\% | 9.5\% | 2.3\% | 14.5\% |
| 2010 | 939,364 | 50.4\% | 7.9\% | 14.7\% | 9.8\% | 4.6\% | 1.1\% | 11.5\% |
| 2011 | 564,065 | 64.9\% | 9.1\% | 14.4\% | 6.6\% | 1.1\% | 0.5\% | 3.5\% |
| 2012 | 102,157 | 79.1\% | 9.1\% | 8.8\% | 1.3\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 1.6\% |
| Total | 2,645,290 | 47.0\% | 7.6\% | 14.9\% | 10.5\% | 6.5\% | 1.6\% | 11.9\% |
| HAMP Modification Performance Compared With Other Modifications** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other <br> Modifications | 1,259,224 | 50.7\% | 8.9\% | 17.2\% | 9.8\% | 4.7\% | 1.2\% | 7.5\% |
| HAMP <br> Modifications | 603,126 | 64.8\% | 6.9\% | 9.1\% | 6.1\% | 2.2\% | 0.6\% | 10.3\% |
| Modifications That Reduced Payments by 10 Percent or More |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Modifications That Reduced Payments by $10 \%$ or More | 1,591,822 | 55.4\% | 7.6\% | 12.5\% | 8.1\% | 4.1\% | 1.0\% | 11.3\% |
| Modifications That Reduced Payments by Less Than 10 Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Modifications That Reduced Payments by Less Than 10\% | 1,053,468 | 34.3\% | 7.4\% | 18.7\% | 14.2\% | 10.1\% | 2.4\% | 12.8\% |

*Processing constraints prevented some servicers from reporting the reason for removal from the portfolio.
**Modifications used to compare with HAMP modifications only include modifications implemented from the third quarter of 2009 through the first quarter of 2012.

## Part III: Home Forfeiture Actions-Foreclosures, Short Sales, and Deed-in-Lieu-of-Foreclosure Actions

## Completed Foreclosures and Other Home Forfeiture Actions

Home forfeiture actions-foreclosure sales, short sales, and deed-in-lieu-of-foreclosure actions-totaled 167,474 during the second quarter of 2012, a decrease of 9.9 percent from the previous quarter and 7.1 percent from a year earlier (see table 41). The number of completed foreclosures decreased to 101,735 - down 17.3 percent from the previous quarter and 16.1 percent from a year earlier. Short sales increased 5.7 percent from the previous quarter and 12.4 percent from a year earlier. Short sales were 37.9 percent of total home forfeiture actions, up from 32.3 percent during the previous quarter. Deed-in-lieu-of-foreclosure actions remained a small portion of total home forfeiture actions during the quarter.

|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | $1 Q$ <br> \%Change | $1 \mathrm{Y}$ <br> \%Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Completed Foreclosures | 121,237 | 113,294 | 116,159 | 122,979 | 101,735 | -17.3\% | -16.1\% |
| New Short Sales | 56,407 | 57,479 | 63,257 | 59,996 | 63,403 | 5.7\% | 12.4\% |
| New Deed-in-Lieu-ofForeclosure Actions | 2,558 | 2,623 | 2,939 | 2,806 | 2,336 | -16.7\% | -8.7\% |
| Total | 180,202 | 173,396 | 182,355 | 185,781 | 167,474 | -9.9\% | -7.1\% |

## Newly Initiated Foreclosures

Servicers initiate foreclosure actions at defined stages of loan delinquency. Foreclosure actions will progress to sale of the property only if servicers and borrowers cannot arrange a permanent loss mitigation action, modification, or alternate workout solution or home sale. Newly initiated foreclosures increased to 302,636 from 286,951 , a 5.5 percent increase from the previous quarter (see table 42). Newly initiated foreclosures of Alt-A, subprime, and other loans increased from the previous quarter. Prime loans experienced a decrease in newly initiated foreclosures from both the previous quarter and a year earlier.

| Table 42. Number of Newly Initiated Foreclosures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $6 / 30 / 11$ | $9 / 30 / 11$ | $12 / 31 / 11$ | $3 / 31 / 12$ | $6 / 30 / 12$ | 1Q | \%Change |
| \%Change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | 136,123 | 158,633 | 136,026 | 129,823 | 126,966 | $-2.2 \%$ | $-6.7 \%$ |
| Alt-A | 52,067 | 64,216 | 56,736 | 56,996 | 62,054 | $8.9 \%$ | $19.2 \%$ |
| Subprime | 58,232 | 78,852 | 63,225 | 63,286 | 68,968 | $9.0 \%$ | $18.4 \%$ |
| Other | 40,751 | 46,027 | 36,186 | 36,846 | 44,648 | $21.2 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ |
| Total | 287,173 | 347,728 | 292,173 | 286,951 | 302,636 | $5.5 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |

Figure 15. Number of Newly Initiated Foreclosures


## Foreclosures in Process

The number of mortgages in process of foreclosure decreased 2.6 percent from the previous quarter and 6.6 percent from a year earlier to $1,237,025$. Foreclosures in process as a percentage of all mortgages serviced have remained stable over the past five quarters, varying from 4.0 to 4.1 percent (see table 43).

| Percentage of Foreclosures in Process Relative to Mortgages in That Risk Category |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1 Y <br> \%Change |
| Prime | 2.7\% | 2.7\% | 2.6\% | 2.6\% | 2.5\% | -3.8\% | -6.6\% |
| Alt-A | 6.8\% | 6.9\% | 7.0\% | 7.2\% | 7.2\% | 0.3\% | 5.1\% |
| Subprime | 11.3\% | 12.0\% | 12.2\% | 12.5\% | 12.8\% | 2.1\% | 13.4\% |
| Other | 4.7\% | 5.0\% | 4.9\% | 5.1\% | 5.5\% | 6.1\% | 15.1\% |
| Total | 4.0\% | 4.1\% | 4.0\% | 4.1\% | 4.1\% | -0.9\% | 0.8\% |
| Number of Foreclosures in Process |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | 616,122 | 607,309 | 576,761 | 578,547 | 549,862 | -5.0\% | -10.8\% |
| Alt-A | 240,873 | 242,150 | 237,558 | 240,876 | 237,671 | -1.3\% | -1.3\% |
| Subprime | 279,202 | 289,968 | 281,440 | 282,879 | 279,023 | -1.4\% | -0.1\% |
| Other | 183,084 | 186,592 | 166,535 | 167,619 | 170,469 | 1.7\% | -6.9\% |
| Total | 1,319,281 | 1,326,019 | 1,262,294 | 1,269,921 | 1,237,025 | -2.6\% | -6.2\% |

Figure 16. Number of Foreclosures in Process


## Completed Foreclosures

The number of completed foreclosures decreased to 101,735 during the quarter-down 17.3 percent from the previous quarter and 16.1 percent from a year earlier (see table 44). The quarter-to-quarter decrease in the number of completed foreclosure actions occurred among all risk classes.

| Table 44. Completed Foreclosures <br> Percentage of Completed Foreclosures Relative to Mortgages in That Risk Category |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| Prime | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | -20.2\% | -25.4\% |
| Alt-A | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | 0.7\% | 0.6\% | -16.3\% | -7.7\% |
| Subprime | 0.8\% | 0.8\% | 0.9\% | 1.0\% | 0.9\% | -12.8\% | 15.3\% |
| Other | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.6\% | 49.1\% |
| Total | 0.4\% | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.3\% | -15.8\% | -9.8\% |
| Number of Completed Foreclosures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | 67,472 | 60,109 | 60,777 | 60,984 | 48,079 | -21.2\% | -28.7\% |
| Alt-A | 22,068 | 20,800 | 21,788 | 23,196 | 19,110 | -17.6\% | -13.4\% |
| Subprime | 19,368 | 19,605 | 21,230 | 23,373 | 19,673 | -15.8\% | 1.6\% |
| Other | 12,329 | 12,780 | 12,364 | 15,426 | 14,873 | -3.6\% | 20.6\% |
| Total | 121,237 | 113,294 | 116,159 | 122,979 | 101,735 | -17.3\% | -16.1\% |

Figure 17. Number of Completed Foreclosures


## New Home Retention Actions Relative to Forfeiture Actions, by Risk Category

Home retention actions relative to home forfeitures increased during the second quarter of 2012, across all risk classes (see table 45). The percentage of new home retention actions relative to home forfeitures continued to be highest for subprime loans and lowest for prime and other loans during the second quarter of 2012. New home retention actions continued to significantly exceed home forfeitures as servicers initiated almost two and a half times as many home retention actions as home forfeiture actions during the quarter (see table 45).

| Table 45. Percentage of New Home Retention Actions Relative to Forfeiture Actions, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $6 / 30 / 11$ | $9 / 30 / 11$ | $12 / 31 / 11$ | $3 / 31 / 12$ | $6 / 30 / 12$ | 1Q Risk Category | 1Q |
|  | \%Change | \%Change |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime | $175.2 \%$ | $190.8 \%$ | $199.2 \%$ | $147.8 \%$ | $219.1 \%$ | $48.3 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ |
| Alt-A | $313.6 \%$ | $330.9 \%$ | $304.9 \%$ | $234.3 \%$ | $301.1 \%$ | $28.5 \%$ | $-4.0 \%$ |
| Subprime | $423.7 \%$ | $398.6 \%$ | $374.5 \%$ | $277.3 \%$ | $310.3 \%$ | $11.9 \%$ | $-26.8 \%$ |
| Other | $371.4 \%$ | $372.4 \%$ | $276.1 \%$ | $196.9 \%$ | $217.3 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $-41.5 \%$ |
| Overall | $253.2 \%$ | $264.7 \%$ | $252.4 \%$ | $190.0 \%$ | $248.4 \%$ | $30.7 \%$ | $-1.9 \%$ |

Figure 18. Percentage of New Home Retention Actions Relative to Forfeiture Actions, by Risk Category


## Appendixes

## Appendix A—New Loan Modifications

There were 92,214 loan modifications implemented during the second quarter of 2012-a 9.7 percent decrease from the previous quarter and 38.7 percent decrease from a year earlier (see table 46). New modifications decreased across all risk categories during the quarter, the eighth consecutive quarterly decrease in each risk class.

| Tab/e 46. Number of New Loan Modifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $6 / 30 / 11$ | $9 / 30 / 11$ | $12 / 31 / 11$ | $3 / 31 / 12$ | $6 / 30 / 12$ | 1Q <br> \%Change | \%Change |
| Prime | 63,466 | 58,856 | 50,478 | 45,170 | 41,798 | $-7.5 \%$ | $-34.1 \%$ |
| Alt-A | 31,231 | 28,169 | 23,804 | 21,267 | 18,858 | $-11.3 \%$ | $-39.6 \%$ |
| Subprime | 39,663 | 35,177 | 29,367 | 25,284 | 22,556 | $-10.8 \%$ | $-43.1 \%$ |
| Other | 16,108 | 15,335 | 12,501 | 10,436 | 9,002 | $-13.7 \%$ | $-44.1 \%$ |
| Total | 150,468 | 137,537 | 116,150 | 102,157 | 92,214 | $-9.7 \%$ | $-38.7 \%$ |

Figure 19. Number of New Loan Modifications


## Appendix B—New Trial-Period Plans

Servicers initiated 203,972 trial-period plans during the second quarter of 2012, an increase of 58.1 percent from the previous quarter and 25.1 percent increase from a year earlier. The volatility in the number of new trial-period plans over the last three quarters was affected by changes in program terms that converted a significant number of borrowers in existing payment plans to trial-period plans, changed the timing of movement between repayment and trial-period plans, or shifted the initiation of trial-period plans between reporting periods (see table 47).

| Table 47. Number of New Trial-Period Plans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $6 / 30 / 11$ | $9 / 30 / 11$ | $12 / 31 / 11$ | $3 / 31 / 12$ | $6 / 30 / 12$ | \%Change | \%Change |
| Prime | 80,012 | 82,191 | 111,968 | 60,432 | 111,366 | $84.3 \%$ | $39.2 \%$ |
| Alt-A | 32,771 | 31,838 | 41,357 | 28,596 | 42,209 | $47.6 \%$ | $28.8 \%$ |
| Subprime | 37,275 | 33,233 | 42,708 | 29,937 | 37,184 | $24.2 \%$ | $-0.2 \%$ |
| Other | 13,018 | 9,621 | 14,146 | 10,051 | 13,213 | $31.5 \%$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| Total | 163,076 | 156,883 | 210,179 | 129,016 | 203,972 | $58.1 \%$ | $25.1 \%$ |

Figure 20. Number of New Trial-Period Plans


## Appendix C—New Payment Plans

New payment plans decreased by 1.6 percent to 119,850 during the second quarter of 2012 (see table 48).

| Table 48. Number of New Payment Plans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1 Y <br> \%Change |
| Prime | 43,356 | 49,648 | 46,462 | 44,697 | 43,992 | -1.6\% | 1.5\% |
| Alt-A | 30,957 | 36,758 | 29,280 | 25,953 | 25,190 | -2.9\% | -18.6\% |
| Subprime | 33,544 | 37,058 | 36,036 | 31,177 | 28,624 | -8.2\% | -14.7\% |
| Other | 34,821 | 41,104 | 22,103 | 19,988 | 22,044 | 10.3\% | -36.7\% |
| Total | 142,678 | 164,568 | 133,881 | 121,815 | 119,850 | -1.6\% | -16.0\% |

*New payment plans completed in the third quarter of 2011 included a one-time increase due to a process change at some servicers that expanded the definition of payment plans to include short-term informal plans.

Figure 21. Number of New Payment Plans


## Appendix D—Breakdown of Individual and Combination Modification Actions

Servicers generally use a combination of actions to reduce monthly payments and achieve payment sustainability when modifying a mortgage. Servicers changed more than one loan term in 90.3 percent of all modifications completed during the second quarter of 2012 (see table 49).

|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | $1 \mathrm{Q}$ \%Change | 1 Y \%Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Combination* | 94.2\% | 94.4\% | 94.5\% | 95.3\% | 90.3\% | -5.2\% | -4.1\% |
| Capitalization | 1.6\% | 2.5\% | 2.8\% | 1.9\% | 1.5\% | -16.8\% | -2.2\% |
| Rate Reduction | 1.3\% | 1.2\% | 0.7\% | 0.8\% | 6.7\% | 737.5\% | 408.8\% |
| Rate Freeze | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | -95.9\% | -96.2\% |
| Term Extension*** | 0.8\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.6\% | -1.9\% | -33.6\% |
| Principal Reduction | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 343.1\% | -34.7\% |
| Principal Deferral | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 26.4\% | 0.1\% |
| Not Reported** | 1.7\% | 1.0\% | 1.5\% | 1.2\% | 0.8\% | -32.8\% | -54.2\% |
| (Number of Changes in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combination* | 141,731 | 129,894 | 109,723 | 97,349 | 83,304 | -14.4\% | -41.2\% |
| Capitalization | 2,383 | 3,487 | 3,284 | 1,902 | 1,428 | -24.9\% | -40.1\% |
| Rate Reduction | 1,971 | 1,682 | 803 | 813 | 6,146 | 656.0\% | 211.8\% |
| Rate Freeze | 389 | 564 | 24 | 244 | 9 | -96.3\% | -97.7\% |
| Term Extension*** | 1,278 | 482 | 500 | 587 | 520 | -11.4\% | -59.3\% |
| Principal Reduction | 10 | 40 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 300.0\% | -60.0\% |
| Principal Deferral | 132 | 61 | 63 | 71 | 81 | 14.1\% | -38.6\% |
| Not Reported** | 2,574 | 1,327 | 1,750 | 1,190 | 722 | -39.3\% | -72.0\% |
| All Modifications | 150,468 | 137,537 | 116,150 | 102,157 | 92,214 | -9.7\% | -38.7\% |

*Combination modifications result in a change to two or more loan terms. All other modification types detailed in this table involve only the individual listed action.
**Processing constraints at some servicers prevented them from reporting specific modified term(s).
***Increase in the first quarter of 2012 results from process changes at some servicers that improved the reporting of this data element.

## Changes in Terms for Combination Modification Actions

Of the 83,304 combination modifications implemented during the second quarter of 2012 (see table 49), 90.9 percent included capitalization of missed fees and payments, 84.0 percent included interest rate reduction, and 71.1 percent included an extension of the loan maturity. Principal deferral was included in 22.8 percent of the combination modifications implemented during the quarter and principal reduction was included in 12.6 percent. Because combination modifications changed more than one term, the sum of the individual actions exceeded 100 percent of total combination modifications (see table 50).

| Table 50. Changes in Terms for Combination Modifica the Second Quarter of 2012 <br> (Percentage of Modifications in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 6/30/11 | 9/30/11 | 12/31/11 | 3/31/12 | 6/30/12 | 1Q \%Change | 1Y <br> \%Change |
| Capitalization | 94.7\% | 91.0\% | 95.8\% | 94.2\% | 90.9\% | -3.5\% | -4.1\% |
| Rate Reduction | 83.0\% | 80.8\% | 82.0\% | 83.8\% | 84.0\% | 0.2\% | 1.2\% |
| Rate Freeze | 2.0\% | 4.4\% | 6.7\% | 6.3\% | 7.2\% | 15.5\% | 263.8\% |
| Term Extension* | 64.0\% | 60.9\% | 58.3\% | 76.7\% | 71.1\% | -7.3\% | 11.2\% |
| Principal Reduction | 6.7\% | 8.6\% | 9.0\% | 10.7\% | 12.6\% | 18.3\% | 89.9\% |
| Principal Deferral | 19.7\% | 21.6\% | 25.9\% | 25.8\% | 22.8\% | -11.5\% | 16.1\% |
| (Total Number of Changes in Each Category) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capitalization | 134,227 | 118,175 | 105,081 | 91,671 | 75,687 | -17.4\% | -43.6\% |
| Rate Reduction | 117,597 | 104,968 | 89,973 | 81,569 | 69,947 | -14.2\% | -40.5\% |
| Rate Freeze | 2,820 | 5,764 | 7,395 | 6,101 | 6,030 | -1.2\% | 113.8\% |
| Term Extension* | 90,667 | 79,053 | 63,991 | 74,669 | 59,235 | -20.7\% | -34.7\% |
| Principal Reduction | 9,435 | 11,138 | 9,863 | 10,403 | 10,532 | 1.2\% | 11.6\% |
| Principal Deferral | 27,857 | 28,072 | 28,433 | 25,083 | 19,004 | -24.2\% | -31.8\% |

*Increase in the first quarter of 2012 results from process changes at some servicers that improved the reporting of this data element.

## Appendix E—Mortgage Modification Data by State

The following tables present certain mortgage modification data by state, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories (the latter are included in the category labeled "Other"). This data fulfills reporting requirements in the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010(Public Law 111-203).

Table 51 presents the number and percentage of HAMP modifications and other modifications in each state during the second quarter of 2012. Tables 52 and 53 present the number and percentage of each type of action included in modifications made during the quarter in each state, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories. Tables 54 and 55 present the number and percentage of each type of action included in combination modifications made during the quarter in each state, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories. Tables 56 and 57 present the number and percentage of modifications made during the quarter in each state, the District of Columbia, and U.S. territories by the amount of change in the borrowers' monthly principal and interest payments. Tables 58 and 59 present the number and percentage of modifications made in the fourth quarter of 2011 that were 60 or more days delinquent or in process of foreclosure at the end of the second quarter of 2012.

| Table 51. Number and Percentage of Mortgage Modifications Implemented in the Second Quarter of 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HAMP Modifications |  | Other Modifications |  | Total Modifications |  |
| States | Total | \% of State Total | Total | \% of State Total | Total | \% of Total |
| Total - All States | 28,279 | 30.7\% | 63,935 | 69.3\% | 92,214 | 100.0\% |
| Alabama | 168 | 19.8\% | 682 | 80.2\% | 850 | 0.9\% |
| Alaska | 16 | 28.1\% | 41 | 71.9\% | 57 | 0.1\% |
| Arizona | 734 | 29.6\% | 1,746 | 70.4\% | 2,480 | 2.7\% |
| Arkansas | 50 | 17.3\% | 239 | 82.7\% | 289 | 0.3\% |
| California | 8,153 | 40.7\% | 11,882 | 59.3\% | 20,035 | 21.7\% |
| Colorado | 378 | 31.3\% | 830 | 68.7\% | 1,208 | 1.3\% |
| Connecticut | 410 | 32.2\% | 864 | 67.8\% | 1,274 | 1.4\% |
| Delaware | 96 | 27.4\% | 255 | 72.6\% | 351 | 0.4\% |
| District of Columbia | 58 | 33.7\% | 114 | 66.3\% | 172 | 0.2\% |
| Florida | 3,340 | 31.3\% | 7,321 | 68.7\% | 10,661 | 11.6\% |
| Georgia | 1,115 | 25.4\% | 3,272 | 74.6\% | 4,387 | 4.8\% |
| Hawaii | 78 | 33.8\% | 153 | 66.2\% | 231 | 0.3\% |
| Idaho | 90 | 26.9\% | 245 | 73.1\% | 335 | 0.4\% |
| Illinois | 1,465 | 31.2\% | 3,232 | 68.8\% | 4,697 | 5.1\% |
| Indiana | 207 | 15.8\% | 1,100 | 84.2\% | 1,307 | 1.4\% |
| Iowa | 66 | 19.2\% | 278 | 80.8\% | 344 | 0.4\% |
| Kansas | 80 | 23.6\% | 259 | 76.4\% | 339 | 0.4\% |
| Kentucky | 87 | 15.1\% | 490 | 84.9\% | 577 | 0.6\% |
| Louisiana | 143 | 18.5\% | 629 | 81.5\% | 772 | 0.8\% |
| Maine | 78 | 36.1\% | 138 | 63.9\% | 216 | 0.2\% |
| Maryland | 787 | 30.6\% | 1,786 | 69.4\% | 2,573 | 2.8\% |
| Massachusetts | 600 | 38.4\% | 963 | 61.6\% | 1,563 | 1.7\% |
| Michigan | 522 | 19.4\% | 2,167 | 80.6\% | 2,689 | 2.9\% |
| Minnesota | 430 | 29.0\% | 1,055 | 71.0\% | 1,485 | 1.6\% |
| Mississippi | 70 | 15.8\% | 373 | 84.2\% | 443 | 0.5\% |
| Missouri | 254 | 21.9\% | 905 | 78.1\% | 1,159 | 1.3\% |
| Montana | 22 | 19.8\% | 89 | 80.2\% | 111 | 0.1\% |
| Nebraska | 48 | 21.4\% | 176 | 78.6\% | 224 | 0.2\% |
| Nevada | 436 | 30.6\% | 988 | 69.4\% | 1,424 | 1.5\% |
| New Hampshire | 99 | 31.9\% | 211 | 68.1\% | 310 | 0.3\% |
| New Jersey | 1,060 | 34.9\% | 1,974 | 65.1\% | 3,034 | 3.3\% |
| New Mexico | 95 | 26.0\% | 271 | 74.0\% | 366 | 0.4\% |
| New York | 1,826 | 41.5\% | 2,579 | 58.5\% | 4,405 | 4.8\% |
| North Carolina | 582 | 21.9\% | 2,071 | 78.1\% | 2,653 | 2.9\% |
| North Dakota | 2 | 7.7\% | 24 | 92.3\% | 26 | 0.0\% |
| Ohio | 411 | 18.4\% | 1,827 | 81.6\% | 2,238 | 2.4\% |
| Oklahoma | 72 | 16.3\% | 371 | 83.7\% | 443 | 0.5\% |
| Oregon | 305 | 32.3\% | 640 | 67.7\% | 945 | 1.0\% |
| Pennsylvania | 552 | 24.8\% | 1,675 | 75.2\% | 2,227 | 2.4\% |
| Rhode Island | 110 | 31.9\% | 235 | 68.1\% | 345 | 0.4\% |
| South Carolina | 250 | 21.9\% | 891 | 78.1\% | 1,141 | 1.2\% |
| South Dakota | 15 | 30.0\% | 35 | 70.0\% | 50 | 0.1\% |
| Tennessee | 279 | 23.0\% | 933 | 77.0\% | 1,212 | 1.3\% |
| Texas | 838 | 18.5\% | 3,680 | 81.5\% | 4,518 | 4.9\% |
| Utah | 194 | 29.5\% | 464 | 70.5\% | 658 | 0.7\% |
| Vermont | 24 | 21.4\% | 88 | 78.6\% | 112 | 0.1\% |
| Virginia | 599 | 28.8\% | 1,481 | 71.2\% | 2,080 | 2.3\% |
| Washington | 665 | 33.5\% | 1,318 | 66.5\% | 1,983 | 2.2\% |
| West Virginia | 24 | 16.3\% | 123 | 83.7\% | 147 | 0.2\% |
| Wisconsin | 263 | 27.1\% | 709 | 72.9\% | 972 | 1.1\% |
| Wyoming | 12 | 22.6\% | 41 | 77.4\% | 53 | 0.1\% |
| Other | 21 | 48.8\% | 22 | 51.2\% | 43 | 0.0\% |


| Table 52. Number of Mortgage Modification Actions Implemented in the Second Quarter of 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| States | Capitalization | Rate Reduction or Freeze | Term Extension | Principal Reductions | Principal Deferral | Combination | $\begin{gathered} \text { Not } \\ \text { Reported } \end{gathered}$ | Total Modifications |
| Total - All States | 1,428 | 6,155 | 520 | 4 | 81 | 83,304 | 722 | 92,214 |
| Alabama | 15 | 21 | 27 | 0 | 1 | 780 | 6 | 850 |
| Alaska | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 1 | 57 |
| Arizona | 24 | 291 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 2,139 | 18 | 2,480 |
| Arkansas | 5 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 274 | 1 | 289 |
| California | 259 | 1,483 | 22 | 3 | 44 | 18,030 | 194 | 20,035 |
| Colorado | 23 | 32 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1,133 | 14 | 1,208 |
| Connecticut | 18 | 63 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1,186 | 5 | 1,274 |
| Delaware | 2 | 24 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 319 | 0 | 351 |
| District of Columbia | 2 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 161 | 0 | 172 |
| Florida | 90 | 1,385 | 39 | 0 | 4 | 9,069 | 74 | 10,661 |
| Georgia | 83 | 245 | 41 | 0 | 4 | 3,967 | 47 | 4,387 |
| Hawaii | 7 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 213 | 5 | 231 |
| Idaho | 2 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 304 | 2 | 335 |
| Illinois | 38 | 316 | 14 | 0 | 1 | 4,306 | 22 | 4,697 |
| Indiana | 33 | 22 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 1,241 | 5 | 1,307 |
| lowa | 3 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 329 | 3 | 344 |
| Kansas | 11 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 320 | 0 | 339 |
| Kentucky | 12 | 3 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 542 | 2 | 577 |
| Louisiana | 18 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 732 | 6 | 772 |
| Maine | 9 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 197 | 1 | 216 |
| Maryland | 49 | 129 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 2,355 | 26 | 2,573 |
| Massachusetts | 31 | 38 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 1,476 | 9 | 1,563 |
| Michigan | 51 | 475 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 2,122 | 16 | 2,689 |
| Minnesota | 13 | 120 | 10 | 0 | 3 | 1,330 | 9 | 1,485 |
| Mississippi | 10 | 13 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 407 | 2 | 443 |
| Missouri | 30 | 44 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 1,072 | 3 | 1,159 |
| Montana | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 107 | 0 | 111 |
| Nebraska | 6 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 211 | 2 | 224 |
| Nevada | 15 | 168 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1,222 | 14 | 1,424 |
| New Hampshire | 5 | 14 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 289 | 1 | 310 |
| New Jersey | 47 | 124 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2,825 | 32 | 3,034 |
| New Mexico | 8 | 12 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 342 | 2 | 366 |
| New York | 45 | 164 | 13 | 0 | 2 | 4,142 | 39 | 4,405 |
| North Carolina | 57 | 84 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 2,446 | 16 | 2,653 |
| North Dakota | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 1 | 26 |
| Ohio | 39 | 118 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 2,053 | 8 | 2,238 |
| Oklahoma | 12 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 416 | 4 | 443 |
| Oregon | 19 | 70 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 846 | 4 | 945 |
| Pennsylvania | 43 | 59 | 20 | 0 | 2 | 2,092 | 11 | 2,227 |
| Rhode Island | 7 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 310 | 3 | 345 |
| South Carolina | 21 | 54 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 1,044 | 10 | 1,141 |
| South Dakota | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 49 | 0 | 50 |
| Tennessee | 26 | 60 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 1,100 | 6 | 1,212 |
| Texas | 137 | 98 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 4,232 | 26 | 4,518 |
| Utah | 12 | 23 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 615 | 6 | 658 |
| Vermont | 3 | 4 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 3 | 112 |
| Virginia | 49 | 92 | 15 | 0 | 1 | 1,892 | 31 | 2,080 |
| Washington | 18 | 156 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 1,774 | 25 | 1,983 |
| West Virginia | 4 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 131 | 4 | 147 |
| Wisconsin | 11 | 43 | 10 | 0 | 1 | 905 | 2 | 972 |
| Wyoming | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 1 | 53 |
| Other | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 0 | 43 |


| Table 53. Percentage of Mortgage Modification Actions Implemented in the Second Quarter of 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| States | Capitalization | Rate Reduction or Freeze | Term Extension | Principal Reduction | Principal Deferral | Combination | Not Reported | Total Modifications |
| Total - All States | 1.5\% | 6.7\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 90.3\% | 0.8\% | 92,214 |
| Alabama | 1.8\% | 2.5\% | 3.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 91.8\% | 0.7\% | 850 |
| Alaska | 3.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 94.7\% | 1.8\% | 57 |
| Arizona | 1.0\% | 11.7\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 86.3\% | 0.7\% | 2,480 |
| Arkansas | 1.7\% | 3.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 94.8\% | 0.3\% | 289 |
| California | 1.3\% | 7.4\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 90.0\% | 1.0\% | 20,035 |
| Colorado | 1.9\% | 2.6\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 93.8\% | 1.2\% | 1,208 |
| Connecticut | 1.4\% | 4.9\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 93.1\% | 0.4\% | 1,274 |
| Delaware | 0.6\% | 6.8\% | 1.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 90.9\% | 0.0\% | 351 |
| District of Columbia | 1.2\% | 5.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 93.6\% | 0.0\% | 172 |
| Florida | 0.8\% | 13.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 85.1\% | 0.7\% | 10,661 |
| Georgia | 1.9\% | 5.6\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 90.4\% | 1.1\% | 4,387 |
| Hawaii | 3.0\% | 2.2\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 92.2\% | 2.2\% | 231 |
| Idaho | 0.6\% | 6.6\% | 1.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 90.7\% | 0.6\% | 335 |
| Illinois | 0.8\% | 6.7\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 91.7\% | 0.5\% | 4,697 |
| Indiana | 2.5\% | 1.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 95.0\% | 0.4\% | 1,307 |
| Iowa | 0.9\% | 1.7\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 95.6\% | 0.9\% | 344 |
| Kansas | 3.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 94.4\% | 0.0\% | 339 |
| Kentucky | 2.1\% | 0.5\% | 3.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 93.9\% | 0.3\% | 577 |
| Louisiana | 2.3\% | 0.8\% | 1.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 94.8\% | 0.8\% | 772 |
| Maine | 4.2\% | 3.2\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 91.2\% | 0.5\% | 216 |
| Maryland | 1.9\% | 5.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 91.5\% | 1.0\% | 2,573 |
| Massachusetts | 2.0\% | 2.4\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 94.4\% | 0.6\% | 1,563 |
| Michigan | 1.9\% | 17.7\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 78.9\% | 0.6\% | 2,689 |
| Minnesota | 0.9\% | 8.1\% | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 89.6\% | 0.6\% | 1,485 |
| Mississippi | 2.3\% | 2.9\% | 2.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 91.9\% | 0.5\% | 443 |
| Missouri | 2.6\% | 3.8\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 92.5\% | 0.3\% | 1,159 |
| Montana | 2.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 96.4\% | 0.0\% | 111 |
| Nebraska | 2.7\% | 0.4\% | 1.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 94.2\% | 0.9\% | 224 |
| Nevada | 1.1\% | 11.8\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 85.8\% | 1.0\% | 1,424 |
| New Hampshire | 1.6\% | 4.5\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 93.2\% | 0.3\% | 310 |
| New Jersey | 1.5\% | 4.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 93.1\% | 1.1\% | 3,034 |
| New Mexico | 2.2\% | 3.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 93.4\% | 0.5\% | 366 |
| New York | 1.0\% | 3.7\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 94.0\% | 0.9\% | 4,405 |
| North Carolina | 2.1\% | 3.2\% | 1.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 92.2\% | 0.6\% | 2,653 |
| North Dakota | 0.0\% | 3.8\% | 15.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 76.9\% | 3.8\% | 26 |
| Ohio | 1.7\% | 5.3\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 91.7\% | 0.4\% | 2,238 |
| Oklahoma | 2.7\% | 1.4\% | 1.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 93.9\% | 0.9\% | 443 |
| Oregon | 2.0\% | 7.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 89.5\% | 0.4\% | 945 |
| Pennsylvania | 1.9\% | 2.6\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 93.9\% | 0.5\% | 2,227 |
| Rhode Island | 2.0\% | 7.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 89.9\% | 0.9\% | 345 |
| South Carolina | 1.8\% | 4.7\% | 1.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 91.5\% | 0.9\% | 1,141 |
| South Dakota | 0.0\% | 2.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 98.0\% | 0.0\% | 50 |
| Tennessee | 2.1\% | 5.0\% | 1.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 90.8\% | 0.5\% | 1,212 |
| Texas | 3.0\% | 2.2\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 93.7\% | 0.6\% | 4,518 |
| Utah | 1.8\% | 3.5\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 93.5\% | 0.9\% | 658 |
| Vermont | 2.7\% | 3.6\% | 10.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 80.4\% | 2.7\% | 112 |
| Virginia | 2.4\% | 4.4\% | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 91.0\% | 1.5\% | 2,080 |
| Washington | 0.9\% | 7.9\% | 0.5\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 89.5\% | 1.3\% | 1,983 |
| West Virginia | 2.7\% | 3.4\% | 2.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 89.1\% | 2.7\% | 147 |
| Wisconsin | 1.1\% | 4.4\% | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 93.1\% | 0.2\% | 972 |
| Wyoming | 1.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 96.2\% | 1.9\% | 53 |
| Other | 0.0\% | 2.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 97.7\% | 0.0\% | 43 |


| States | Capitalization | Rate Reduction or Freeze | Term Extension | Principal Reduction | Principal Deferral | Total Combination Modifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total - All States | 75,687 | 75,926 | 59,235 | 10,532 | 19,004 | 83,304 |
| Alabama | 695 | 723 | 613 | 41 | 77 | 780 |
| Alaska | 54 | 50 | 36 | 1 | 8 | 54 |
| Arizona | 1,872 | 1,938 | 1,511 | 278 | 619 | 2,139 |
| Arkansas | 267 | 260 | 205 | 15 | 21 | 274 |
| California | 15,440 | 16,316 | 11,147 | 3,904 | 5,877 | 18,030 |
| Colorado | 1,074 | 1,059 | 808 | 67 | 172 | 1,133 |
| Connecticut | 1,134 | 1,088 | 818 | 139 | 253 | 1,186 |
| Delaware | 289 | 295 | 233 | 20 | 52 | 319 |
| District of Columbia | 155 | 135 | 103 | 18 | 45 | 161 |
| Florida | 8,086 | 8,145 | 6,242 | 1,844 | 2,648 | 9,069 |
| Georgia | 3,703 | 3,651 | 3,051 | 300 | 793 | 3,967 |
| Hawaii | 201 | 188 | 117 | 14 | 51 | 213 |
| Idaho | 271 | 282 | 215 | 21 | 59 | 304 |
| Illinois | 3,999 | 3,921 | 3,245 | 559 | 1,124 | 4,306 |
| Indiana | 1,169 | 1,152 | 974 | 69 | 106 | 1,241 |
| lowa | 307 | 303 | 269 | 14 | 42 | 329 |
| Kansas | 306 | 293 | 250 | 16 | 30 | 320 |
| Kentucky | 494 | 493 | 429 | 27 | 30 | 542 |
| Louisiana | 708 | 671 | 547 | 27 | 80 | 732 |
| Maine | 185 | 172 | 137 | 12 | 37 | 197 |
| Maryland | 2,210 | 2,136 | 1,637 | 269 | 545 | 2,355 |
| Massachusetts | 1,430 | 1,307 | 1,028 | 198 | 391 | 1,476 |
| Michigan | 1,833 | 1,942 | 1,585 | 218 | 425 | 2,122 |
| Minnesota | 1,173 | 1,230 | 986 | 119 | 275 | 1,330 |
| Mississippi | 359 | 377 | 288 | 30 | 48 | 407 |
| Missouri | 991 | 1,010 | 801 | 77 | 112 | 1,072 |
| Montana | 100 | 97 | 81 | 4 | 14 | 107 |
| Nebraska | 195 | 203 | 163 | 9 | 16 | 211 |
| Nevada | 1,085 | 1,079 | 819 | 169 | 396 | 1,222 |
| New Hampshire | 259 | 255 | 207 | 35 | 59 | 289 |
| New Jersey | 2,689 | 2,527 | 2,093 | 337 | 743 | 2,825 |
| New Mexico | 305 | 309 | 272 | 21 | 45 | 342 |
| New York | 4,068 | 3,750 | 2,926 | 458 | 1,109 | 4,142 |
| North Carolina | 2,242 | 2,256 | 1,950 | 92 | 260 | 2,446 |
| North Dakota | 17 | 16 | 18 | 1 | 2 | 20 |
| Ohio | 1,911 | 1,849 | 1,591 | 128 | 300 | 2,053 |
| Oklahoma | 397 | 390 | 339 | 15 | 21 | 416 |
| Oregon | 759 | 776 | 604 | 79 | 193 | 846 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,954 | 1,910 | 1,631 | 130 | 260 | 2,092 |
| Rhode Island | 291 | 278 | 200 | 50 | 73 | 310 |
| South Carolina | 922 | 965 | 787 | 57 | 130 | 1,044 |
| South Dakota | 43 | 42 | 42 | 2 | 7 | 49 |
| Tennessee | 1,010 | 1,014 | 816 | 67 | 105 | 1,100 |
| Texas | 4,073 | 3,958 | 3,421 | 149 | 334 | 4,232 |
| Utah | 576 | 583 | 428 | 40 | 92 | 615 |
| Vermont | 71 | 83 | 67 | 4 | 7 | 90 |
| Virginia | 1,702 | 1,751 | 1,332 | 148 | 345 | 1,892 |
| Washington | 1,565 | 1,649 | 1,316 | 145 | 383 | 1,774 |
| West Virginia | 115 | 126 | 110 | 8 | 11 | 131 |
| Wisconsin | 848 | 838 | 683 | 79 | 174 | 905 |
| Wyoming | 43 | 46 | 40 | 1 | 2 | 51 |
| Other | 42 | 39 | 24 | 7 | 3 | 42 |



| States | Decreased by $20 \%$ or More | Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than 20\% | Decreased by Less Than 10\% | Unchanged | Increased | Not Reported | Total Modifications |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total - All States | 50,088 | 20,379 | 12,476 | 3,021 | 5,801 | 449 | 92,214 |
| Alabama | 408 | 166 | 185 | 27 | 60 | 4 | 850 |
| Alaska | 27 | 11 | 13 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 57 |
| Arizona | 1,284 | 678 | 312 | 91 | 108 | 7 | 2,480 |
| Arkansas | 126 | 65 | 69 | 3 | 26 | 0 | 289 |
| California | 11,415 | 4,679 | 1,990 | 965 | 914 | 72 | 20,035 |
| Colorado | 627 | 247 | 206 | 29 | 89 | 10 | 1,208 |
| Connecticut | 733 | 268 | 147 | 42 | 81 | 3 | 1,274 |
| Delaware | 178 | 91 | 56 | 7 | 19 | 0 | 351 |
| District of Columbia | 93 | 33 | 28 | 3 | 15 | 0 | 172 |
| Florida | 6,104 | 2,481 | 1,007 | 582 | 441 | 46 | 10,661 |
| Georgia | 2,342 | 960 | 669 | 84 | 278 | 54 | 4,387 |
| Hawaii | 143 | 40 | 31 | 1 | 12 | 4 | 231 |
| Idaho | 171 | 77 | 56 | 10 | 20 | 1 | 335 |
| Illinois | 2,799 | 936 | 540 | 142 | 259 | 21 | 4,697 |
| Indiana | 633 | 299 | 229 | 21 | 121 | 4 | 1,307 |
| lowa | 166 | 78 | 72 | 7 | 20 | 1 | 344 |
| Kansas | 154 | 76 | 65 | 6 | 36 | 2 | 339 |
| Kentucky | 246 | 135 | 109 | 13 | 70 | 4 | 577 |
| Louisiana | 342 | 177 | 149 | 12 | 90 | 2 | 772 |
| Maine | 122 | 40 | 28 | 6 | 19 | 1 | 216 |
| Maryland | 1,326 | 555 | 440 | 53 | 184 | 15 | 2,573 |
| Massachusetts | 969 | 287 | 174 | 44 | 83 | 6 | 1,563 |
| Michigan | 1,402 | 682 | 348 | 88 | 161 | 8 | 2,689 |
| Minnesota | 769 | 400 | 191 | 38 | 74 | 13 | 1,485 |
| Mississippi | 217 | 82 | 93 | 9 | 39 | 3 | 443 |
| Missouri | 565 | 246 | 215 | 31 | 97 | 5 | 1,159 |
| Montana | 47 | 23 | 28 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 111 |
| Nebraska | 111 | 45 | 36 | 4 | 27 | 1 | 224 |
| Nevada | 780 | 354 | 166 | 68 | 52 | 4 | 1,424 |
| New Hampshire | 186 | 61 | 35 | 9 | 18 | 1 | 310 |
| New Jersey | 1,790 | 552 | 393 | 79 | 191 | 29 | 3,034 |
| New Mexico | 186 | 77 | 64 | 5 | 33 | 1 | 366 |
| New York | 2,798 | 751 | 481 | 123 | 232 | 20 | 4,405 |
| North Carolina | 1,278 | 548 | 534 | 36 | 236 | 21 | 2,653 |
| North Dakota | 9 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 26 |
| Ohio | 1,129 | 499 | 362 | 51 | 192 | 5 | 2,238 |
| Oklahoma | 194 | 112 | 75 | 6 | 54 | 2 | 443 |
| Oregon | 519 | 222 | 124 | 14 | 62 | 4 | 945 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,161 | 455 | 366 | 30 | 199 | 16 | 2,227 |
| Rhode Island | 194 | 69 | 33 | 29 | 19 | 1 | 345 |
| South Carolina | 565 | 266 | 197 | 18 | 88 | 7 | 1,141 |
| South Dakota | 29 | 9 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 50 |
| Tennessee | 618 | 232 | 230 | 16 | 109 | 7 | 1,212 |
| Texas | 2,065 | 886 | 969 | 55 | 535 | 8 | 4,518 |
| Utah | 313 | 165 | 113 | 18 | 47 | 2 | 658 |
| Vermont | 57 | 16 | 16 | 12 | 7 | 4 | 112 |
| Virginia | 1,033 | 483 | 336 | 56 | 162 | 10 | 2,080 |
| Washington | 1,004 | 544 | 278 | 42 | 105 | 10 | 1,983 |
| West Virginia | 69 | 26 | 31 | 5 | 15 | 1 | 147 |
| Wisconsin | 541 | 171 | 152 | 26 | 74 | 8 | 972 |
| Wyoming | 24 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 53 |
| Other | 27 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 43 |


| Table 57. Changes in Monthly Principal and Interest Payments (Percentage) Modifications Implemented During the Second Quarter of 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| States | Decreased by 20\% or More | Decreased by 10\% to Less Than 20\% | Decreased by Less Than 10\% | Unchanged | Increased | Not Reported | Total Modifications |
| Total - All States | 54.3\% | 22.1\% | 13.5\% | 3.3\% | 6.3\% | 0.5\% | 92,214 |
| Alabama | 48.0\% | 19.5\% | 21.8\% | 3.2\% | 7.1\% | 0.5\% | 850 |
| Alaska | 47.4\% | 19.3\% | 22.8\% | 1.8\% | 8.8\% | 0.0\% | 57 |
| Arizona | 51.8\% | 27.3\% | 12.6\% | 3.7\% | 4.4\% | 0.3\% | 2,480 |
| Arkansas | 43.6\% | 22.5\% | 23.9\% | 1.0\% | 9.0\% | 0.0\% | 289 |
| California | 57.0\% | 23.4\% | 9.9\% | 4.8\% | 4.6\% | 0.4\% | 20,035 |
| Colorado | 51.9\% | 20.4\% | 17.1\% | 2.4\% | 7.4\% | 0.8\% | 1,208 |
| Connecticut | 57.5\% | 21.0\% | 11.5\% | 3.3\% | 6.4\% | 0.2\% | 1,274 |
| Delaware | 50.7\% | 25.9\% | 16.0\% | 2.0\% | 5.4\% | 0.0\% | 351 |
| District of Columbia | 54.1\% | 19.2\% | 16.3\% | 1.7\% | 8.7\% | 0.0\% | 172 |
| Florida | 57.3\% | 23.3\% | 9.4\% | 5.5\% | 4.1\% | 0.4\% | 10,661 |
| Georgia | 53.4\% | 21.9\% | 15.2\% | 1.9\% | 6.3\% | 1.2\% | 4,387 |
| Hawaii | 61.9\% | 17.3\% | 13.4\% | 0.4\% | 5.2\% | 1.7\% | 231 |
| Idaho | 51.0\% | 23.0\% | 16.7\% | 3.0\% | 6.0\% | 0.3\% | 335 |
| Illinois | 59.6\% | 19.9\% | 11.5\% | 3.0\% | 5.5\% | 0.4\% | 4,697 |
| Indiana | 48.4\% | 22.9\% | 17.5\% | 1.6\% | 9.3\% | 0.3\% | 1,307 |
| lowa | 48.3\% | 22.7\% | 20.9\% | 2.0\% | 5.8\% | 0.3\% | 344 |
| Kansas | 45.4\% | 22.4\% | 19.2\% | 1.8\% | 10.6\% | 0.6\% | 339 |
| Kentucky | 42.6\% | 23.4\% | 18.9\% | 2.3\% | 12.1\% | 0.7\% | 577 |
| Louisiana | 44.3\% | 22.9\% | 19.3\% | 1.6\% | 11.7\% | 0.3\% | 772 |
| Maine | 56.5\% | 18.5\% | 13.0\% | 2.8\% | 8.8\% | 0.5\% | 216 |
| Maryland | 51.5\% | 21.6\% | 17.1\% | 2.1\% | 7.2\% | 0.6\% | 2,573 |
| Massachusetts | 62.0\% | 18.4\% | 11.1\% | 2.8\% | 5.3\% | 0.4\% | 1,563 |
| Michigan | 52.1\% | 25.4\% | 12.9\% | 3.3\% | 6.0\% | 0.3\% | 2,689 |
| Minnesota | 51.8\% | 26.9\% | 12.9\% | 2.6\% | 5.0\% | 0.9\% | 1,485 |
| Mississippi | 49.0\% | 18.5\% | 21.0\% | 2.0\% | 8.8\% | 0.7\% | 443 |
| Missouri | 48.7\% | 21.2\% | 18.6\% | 2.7\% | 8.4\% | 0.4\% | 1,159 |
| Montana | 42.3\% | 20.7\% | 25.2\% | 0.9\% | 10.8\% | 0.0\% | 111 |
| Nebraska | 49.6\% | 20.1\% | 16.1\% | 1.8\% | 12.1\% | 0.4\% | 224 |
| Nevada | 54.8\% | 24.9\% | 11.7\% | 4.8\% | 3.7\% | 0.3\% | 1,424 |
| New Hampshire | 60.0\% | 19.7\% | 11.3\% | 2.9\% | 5.8\% | 0.3\% | 310 |
| New Jersey | 59.0\% | 18.2\% | 13.0\% | 2.6\% | 6.3\% | 1.0\% | 3,034 |
| New Mexico | 50.8\% | 21.0\% | 17.5\% | 1.4\% | 9.0\% | 0.3\% | 366 |
| New York | 63.5\% | 17.0\% | 10.9\% | 2.8\% | 5.3\% | 0.5\% | 4,405 |
| North Carolina | 48.2\% | 20.7\% | 20.1\% | 1.4\% | 8.9\% | 0.8\% | 2,653 |
| North Dakota | 34.6\% | 19.2\% | 26.9\% | 7.7\% | 7.7\% | 3.8\% | 26 |
| Ohio | 50.4\% | 22.3\% | 16.2\% | 2.3\% | 8.6\% | 0.2\% | 2,238 |
| Oklahoma | 43.8\% | 25.3\% | 16.9\% | 1.4\% | 12.2\% | 0.5\% | 443 |
| Oregon | 54.9\% | 23.5\% | 13.1\% | 1.5\% | 6.6\% | 0.4\% | 945 |
| Pennsylvania | 52.1\% | 20.4\% | 16.4\% | 1.3\% | 8.9\% | 0.7\% | 2,227 |
| Rhode Island | 56.2\% | 20.0\% | 9.6\% | 8.4\% | 5.5\% | 0.3\% | 345 |
| South Carolina | 49.5\% | 23.3\% | 17.3\% | 1.6\% | 7.7\% | 0.6\% | 1,141 |
| South Dakota | 58.0\% | 18.0\% | 18.0\% | 2.0\% | 4.0\% | 0.0\% | 50 |
| Tennessee | 51.0\% | 19.1\% | 19.0\% | 1.3\% | 9.0\% | 0.6\% | 1,212 |
| Texas | 45.7\% | 19.6\% | 21.4\% | 1.2\% | 11.8\% | 0.2\% | 4,518 |
| Utah | 47.6\% | 25.1\% | 17.2\% | 2.7\% | 7.1\% | 0.3\% | 658 |
| Vermont | 50.9\% | 14.3\% | 14.3\% | 10.7\% | 6.3\% | 3.6\% | 112 |
| Virginia | 49.7\% | 23.2\% | 16.2\% | 2.7\% | 7.8\% | 0.5\% | 2,080 |
| Washington | 50.6\% | 27.4\% | 14.0\% | 2.1\% | 5.3\% | 0.5\% | 1,983 |
| West Virginia | 46.9\% | 17.7\% | 21.1\% | 3.4\% | 10.2\% | 0.7\% | 147 |
| Wisconsin | 55.7\% | 17.6\% | 15.6\% | 2.7\% | 7.6\% | 0.8\% | 972 |
| Wyoming | 45.3\% | 22.6\% | 22.6\% | 0.0\% | 9.4\% | 0.0\% | 53 |
| Other | 62.8\% | 16.3\% | 16.3\% | 0.0\% | 4.7\% | 0.0\% | 43 |


| Table 58. Number of Re-Defaults for Loans Modified in the Fourth Quarter of 2011 ( 60 or More Days Delinquent After 6 Months by Changes in Monthly Principal and Interest Payments) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| States | Decreased by $20 \%$ or More | Decreased by $10 \%$ to Less Than 20\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decreased by } \\ & \text { Less Than 10\% } \end{aligned}$ | Unchanged | Increased | Not Reported | Total Modifications |
| Total - All States | 5,731 | 2,840 | 3,756 | 222 | 2,665 | 155 | 15,369 |
| Alabama | 58 | 44 | 41 | 6 | 36 | 0 | 185 |
| Alaska | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 10 |
| Arizona | 153 | 68 | 91 | 4 | 58 | 1 | 375 |
| Arkansas | 21 | 18 | 18 | 2 | 13 | 2 | 74 |
| California | 1,092 | 339 | 358 | 52 | 333 | 21 | 2,195 |
| Colorado | 63 | 43 | 54 | 1 | 36 | 1 | 198 |
| Connecticut | 72 | 39 | 52 | 0 | 34 | 3 | 200 |
| Delaware | 20 | 12 | 30 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 77 |
| District of Columbia | 12 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 31 |
| Florida | 627 | 212 | 237 | 24 | 170 | 24 | 1,294 |
| Georgia | 242 | 175 | 234 | 11 | 143 | 10 | 815 |
| Hawaii | 21 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 35 |
| Idaho | 22 | 11 | 18 | 0 | 14 | 1 | 66 |
| Illinois | 302 | 131 | 193 | 6 | 145 | 6 | 783 |
| Indiana | 90 | 66 | 92 | 4 | 59 | 2 | 313 |
| lowa | 22 | 26 | 19 | 1 | 22 | 1 | 91 |
| Kansas | 27 | 21 | 20 | 2 | 18 | 0 | 88 |
| Kentucky | 32 | 26 | 31 | 1 | 26 | 1 | 117 |
| Louisiana | 68 | 31 | 53 | 1 | 39 | 1 | 193 |
| Maine | 12 | 13 | 16 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 47 |
| Maryland | 178 | 86 | 144 | 7 | 77 | 3 | 495 |
| Massachusetts | 121 | 49 | 63 | 2 | 58 | 2 | 295 |
| Michigan | 159 | 68 | 106 | 7 | 102 | 8 | 450 |
| Minnesota | 91 | 40 | 42 | 0 | 41 | 2 | 216 |
| Mississippi | 28 | 23 | 27 | 4 | 23 | 1 | 106 |
| Missouri | 79 | 71 | 74 | 4 | 47 | 1 | 276 |
| Montana | 7 | 5 | 7 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 25 |
| Nebraska | 10 | 14 | 8 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 42 |
| Nevada | 144 | 37 | 50 | 3 | 29 | 2 | 265 |
| New Hampshire | 24 | 13 | 11 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 58 |
| New Jersey | 234 | 102 | 143 | 3 | 99 | 8 | 589 |
| New Mexico | 19 | 12 | 28 | 1 | 11 | 0 | 71 |
| New York | 285 | 146 | 143 | 9 | 106 | 8 | 697 |
| North Carolina | 154 | 104 | 176 | 8 | 105 | 5 | 552 |
| North Dakota | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Ohio | 143 | 100 | 144 | 6 | 87 | 3 | 483 |
| Oklahoma | 29 | 25 | 36 | 2 | 28 | 1 | 121 |
| Oregon | 47 | 25 | 33 | 2 | 22 | 2 | 131 |
| Pennsylvania | 171 | 97 | 115 | 9 | 95 | 3 | 490 |
| Rhode Island | 18 | 9 | 12 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 48 |
| South Carolina | 75 | 50 | 58 | 3 | 38 | 4 | 228 |
| South Dakota | 3 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 16 |
| Tennessee | 79 | 36 | 110 | 3 | 68 | 0 | 296 |
| Texas | 291 | 199 | 353 | 13 | 231 | 11 | 1,098 |
| Utah | 30 | 36 | 40 | 3 | 18 | 0 | 127 |
| Vermont | 7 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 19 |
| Virginia | 122 | 72 | 93 | 9 | 61 | 3 | 360 |
| Washington | 141 | 71 | 92 | 0 | 46 | 4 | 354 |
| West Virginia | 16 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 13 | 1 | 46 |
| Wisconsin | 65 | 41 | 55 | 5 | 42 | 4 | 212 |
| Wyoming | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 8 |
| Other | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 |


| Table 59. Re-Default Rates for Loans Modified in the Fourth Quarter of 2011 (Percentage) (60 or More Days Delinquent After 6 Months by Changes in Monthly Principal and Interest Payments) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| States | Decreased by 20\% or More | Decreased by 10\% to Less Than 20\% | Decreased by Less Than 10\% | Unchanged | Increased | Not Reported | Total Modifications |
| Total - All States | 8.6\% | 15.0\% | 22.2\% | 26.6\% | 30.0\% | 14.3\% | 13.5\% |
| Alabama | 14.5\% | 20.2\% | 22.2\% | 20.7\% | 32.1\% | 0.0\% | 19.4\% |
| Alaska | 3.6\% | 15.4\% | 15.0\% | 0.0\% | 33.3\% | 0.0\% | 13.5\% |
| Arizona | 8.0\% | 14.8\% | 21.3\% | 30.8\% | 28.7\% | 5.3\% | 12.3\% |
| Arkansas | 16.4\% | 20.7\% | 23.7\% | 66.7\% | 30.2\% | 40.0\% | 21.6\% |
| California | 6.2\% | 10.8\% | 14.0\% | 40.3\% | 24.1\% | 12.6\% | 8.8\% |
| Colorado | 7.7\% | 14.4\% | 18.8\% | 12.5\% | 27.3\% | 5.6\% | 12.6\% |
| Connecticut | 8.4\% | 15.2\% | 24.4\% | 0.0\% | 29.6\% | 14.3\% | 13.6\% |
| Delaware | 10.8\% | 14.5\% | 35.7\% | 0.0\% | 38.5\% | 0.0\% | 19.5\% |
| District of Columbia | 9.9\% | 14.6\% | 33.3\% | 0.0\% | 17.6\% | 0.0\% | 14.7\% |
| Florida | 7.9\% | 13.4\% | 19.3\% | 36.9\% | 25.4\% | 16.3\% | 11.1\% |
| Georgia | 9.3\% | 19.0\% | 25.4\% | 18.0\% | 35.5\% | 26.3\% | 16.5\% |
| Hawaii | 10.8\% | 5.6\% | 14.0\% | 0.0\% | 25.0\% | 0.0\% | 11.1\% |
| Idaho | 9.6\% | 11.8\% | 22.0\% | 0.0\% | 27.5\% | 33.3\% | 14.3\% |
| Illinois | 8.2\% | 14.0\% | 24.3\% | 22.2\% | 33.6\% | 7.1\% | 13.2\% |
| Indiana | 12.7\% | 16.8\% | 25.4\% | 15.4\% | 31.9\% | 11.8\% | 18.5\% |
| Iowa | 11.5\% | 26.0\% | 21.3\% | 50.0\% | 33.8\% | 16.7\% | 20.0\% |
| Kansas | 12.2\% | 18.6\% | 20.8\% | 33.3\% | 40.9\% | 0.0\% | 18.1\% |
| Kentucky | 10.3\% | 15.9\% | 18.5\% | 7.7\% | 33.8\% | 25.0\% | 15.9\% |
| Louisiana | 15.0\% | 18.1\% | 22.5\% | 9.1\% | 28.9\% | 20.0\% | 19.1\% |
| Maine | 6.5\% | 23.6\% | 29.6\% | 0.0\% | 19.4\% | 0.0\% | 14.3\% |
| Maryland | 9.0\% | 14.3\% | 23.7\% | 28.0\% | 29.6\% | 9.4\% | 14.1\% |
| Massachusetts | 9.6\% | 13.3\% | 21.7\% | 28.6\% | 36.0\% | 8.7\% | 14.0\% |
| Michigan | 9.4\% | 13.0\% | 23.2\% | 25.9\% | 34.2\% | 17.4\% | 14.8\% |
| Minnesota | 10.4\% | 13.3\% | 17.0\% | 0.0\% | 26.1\% | 10.0\% | 13.4\% |
| Mississippi | 12.1\% | 26.1\% | 23.7\% | 33.3\% | 42.6\% | 50.0\% | 21.2\% |
| Missouri | 11.1\% | 22.8\% | 26.7\% | 26.7\% | 32.6\% | 10.0\% | 18.8\% |
| Montana | 8.1\% | 15.2\% | 21.9\% | 0.0\% | 31.6\% | 0.0\% | 14.4\% |
| Nebraska | 8.8\% | 23.3\% | 21.6\% | 100.0\% | 32.0\% | 0.0\% | 17.6\% |
| Nevada | 10.0\% | 12.9\% | 22.5\% | 30.0\% | 30.5\% | 18.2\% | 12.9\% |
| New Hampshire | 10.2\% | 16.7\% | 15.9\% | 0.0\% | 27.8\% | 0.0\% | 13.6\% |
| New Jersey | 10.2\% | 14.8\% | 24.5\% | 16.7\% | 33.3\% | 18.2\% | 15.0\% |
| New Mexico | 8.9\% | 12.8\% | 28.9\% | 12.5\% | 29.7\% | 0.0\% | 15.6\% |
| New York | 7.5\% | 16.1\% | 19.7\% | 29.0\% | 28.3\% | 9.6\% | 11.8\% |
| North Carolina | 11.2\% | 17.0\% | 29.1\% | 16.0\% | 31.8\% | 22.7\% | 18.4\% |
| North Dakota | 0.0\% | 22.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 100.0\% | 0.0\% | 10.0\% |
| Ohio | 10.7\% | 16.3\% | 25.4\% | 20.7\% | 28.6\% | 10.3\% | 16.8\% |
| Oklahoma | 13.7\% | 18.8\% | 28.1\% | 40.0\% | 30.1\% | 16.7\% | 21.0\% |
| Oregon | 7.3\% | 12.1\% | 18.9\% | 40.0\% | 24.2\% | 18.2\% | 11.5\% |
| Pennsylvania | 11.7\% | 17.8\% | 24.2\% | 39.1\% | 32.4\% | 12.0\% | 17.3\% |
| Rhode Island | 7.0\% | 12.0\% | 23.1\% | 0.0\% | 30.4\% | 33.3\% | 11.6\% |
| South Carolina | 10.9\% | 16.9\% | 21.7\% | 17.6\% | 23.9\% | 22.2\% | 15.8\% |
| South Dakota | 15.8\% | 38.9\% | 28.6\% | 0.0\% | 25.0\% | 33.3\% | 27.1\% |
| Tennessee | 11.1\% | 12.5\% | 32.1\% | 14.3\% | 40.0\% | 0.0\% | 19.2\% |
| Texas | 11.8\% | 17.7\% | 29.2\% | 35.1\% | 34.9\% | 30.6\% | 19.8\% |
| Utah | 6.8\% | 17.7\% | 20.6\% | 33.3\% | 24.7\% | 0.0\% | 13.7\% |
| Vermont | 12.7\% | 17.4\% | 15.8\% | 28.6\% | 27.3\% | 0.0\% | 16.5\% |
| Virginia | 9.2\% | 15.0\% | 19.9\% | 40.9\% | 30.5\% | 18.8\% | 14.3\% |
| Washington | 9.8\% | 15.4\% | 24.2\% | 0.0\% | 26.9\% | 14.8\% | 14.3\% |
| West Virginia | 17.0\% | 16.3\% | 18.2\% | 0.0\% | 37.1\% | 50.0\% | 20.0\% |
| Wisconsin | 10.8\% | 15.2\% | 23.3\% | 25.0\% | 33.9\% | 13.8\% | 16.5\% |
| Wyoming | 11.1\% | 7.1\% | 7.7\% | 0.0\% | 23.1\% | 0.0\% | 11.9\% |
| Other | 2.4\% | 5.9\% | 4.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 100.0\% | 6.0\% |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The number of trial-period plans has been volatile over the last three quarters due to program changes that converted a significant number of borrowers between payment and trial-period plans and shifted the initiation of trial-period plans between reporting periods.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ The eight national banks are Bank of America, JPMorgan Chase, Citibank, HSBC, MetLife, PNC, U.S. Bank, and Wells Fargo. The federal savings association is OneWest Bank.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ The number of trial-period plans has been volatile over the last three quarters due to program changes that converted a significant number of borrowers between payment and trial-period plans.

