Summary of Shared National Credit Program

Item	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	1994						
All Credits												
Total credits												
Total amount (billion \$)	1,829.4	1,759.0	1,435.5	1,200.6	1,062.9	893.2						
Number of commitments	8,974	10,389	9,099	8,319	7,575	6,765						
Number of borrowers	5,587	6,710	6,058	5,607	5,155	4,788						
Loan amount outstanding (billion \$)	630.4	561.5	423.0	372.5	344.0	296.0						
Adversely Rated Credits												
Total credits												
By amount (billion \$)												
Classified	37.4	22.0	22.2	27.4	28.2	36.2						
Substandard	31.1	17.6	19.5	23.4	24.9	31.1						
Doubtful	4.9	3.5	1.9	2.6	1.7	2.7						
Loss	1.5	0.9	0.9	1.4	1.5	2.3						
Special mention	31.4	22.8	19.6	16.9	18.8	31.5						
By number												
Classified	485	449	452	612	644	820						
Substandard	384	335	339	436	486	594						
Doubtful	50	66	61	89	82	94						
Loss	51	48	52	87	76	132						
Special mention	382	330	315	289	303	331						
Loan amount outstanding	(billion \$)											
Classified	33.3	18.1	18.1	24.0	25.3	32.5						
Substandard	27.1	13.9	16.4	20.5	22.5	28.0						
Doubtful	4.7	3.3	1.5	2.2	1.4	2.3						
Loss	1.5	0.9	0.1	1.3	1.4	2.2						
Special mention	22.9	15.4	12.6	11.6	13.1	22.0						

Summary of Shared National Credit Program by Industry

Amounts in billions of dollars

		1999			1998			1997		
		Adversely rated credits			Adversely rated credits			Adversely rated credits		
Industry	All credits	Classified	Special mention	All credits	Classified	Special mention	All credits	Classified	Special mention	
Manufacturing										
Amount	529.4	12.0	14.4	507.7	8.7	10.9	414.1	7.2	7.1	
Percent	100.0	2.3	2.7	100.0	1.7	2.2	100.0	1.7	1.7	
Financial services										
Amount	462.6	3.6	1.1	440.4	1.3	0.6	342.5	0.8	0.8	
Percent	100.0	8.0	0.2	100.0	0.3	0.1	100.0	0.2	0.2	
Transportation, comm	nunications, a	& utilities								
Amount	271.4	2.8	2.8	266.4	1.9	2.2	224.3	2.2	3.5	
Percent	100.0	1.0	1.0	100.0	0.7	8.0	100.0	1.0	1.6	
Services										
Amount	196.8	10.2	2.8	185.9	2.1	2.6	149.3	1.2	1.4	
Percent	100.0	5.2	1.4	100.0	1.1	1.4	100.0	0.8	0.9	
Wholesale & retail tra	de									
Amount	166.3	5.7	5.6	163.8	4.8	3.6	137.9	4.4	4.4	
Percent	100.0	3.4	3.4	100.0	3.0	2.2	100.0	3.2	3.2	
Oil & gas										
Amount	103.9	2.0	2.1	100.5	0.1	0.4	78.8	0.1	0.0	
Percent	100.0	2.0	2.0	100.0	0.1	0.4	100.0	0.1	0.1	
Other										
Amount	99.2	1.1	2.7	94.4	3.1	2.5	88.6	6.3	2.3	
Percent	100.0	1.1	2.7	100.0	3.2	2.7	100.0	7.1	2.6	
All industries										
Amount	1,829.4	37.4	31.4	1,759.0	22.0	22.8	1,435.5	22.2	19.6	
Percent	100.0	2.0	1.7	100.0	1.3	1.3	100.0	1.5	1.4	

Notes to the tables

Data are as of March 31. Industry groupings are based on reported Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes for borrowers.

A Shared National Credit is any loan or formal loan commitment extended to a borrower that in original amount aggregates to \$20 million or more, and that is shared by three or more unaffiliated, supervised institutions under a formal lending agreement. Before 1999, loans included in the Shared National Credit Program comprised all loans or loan commitments of \$20 million or more held by two or more supervised institutions. A supervised institution is considered to be any financial institution subject to supervision by a federal bank regulatory agency; this includes all FDIC-insured banks, their branches, subsidiaries and affiliates; federally licensed U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks; state-licensed branches and agencies of foreign banks; and bank holding companies and their nonbank subsidiaries, and affiliates. U.S. representative or loan production offices of foreign banks or foreign offices of foreign banks are not considered supervised institutions for these purposes. Foreign offices of U.S. banks are generally not covered by the program.

"Classified" loans are as follows: Substandard--A Substandard asset is inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Doubtful--An asset classified Doubtful has all the weaknesses inherent in those classified Substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently known facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. Loss--Assets classified Loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the asset has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather that it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off a basically worthless asset even though partial recovery may be effected in the future. Loans listed for Special Mention (also known as "Other assets especially mentioned") are generally considered to be loans that have potential weaknesses that may, if not checked or corrected, weaken the asset or inadequately protect the bank's credit position at some future date.